

COMPREHENSIVE
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
of the
CITY OF CRANSTON,
RHODE ISLAND



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2011

PREPARED BY:
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
ROBERT F. STROM, DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

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AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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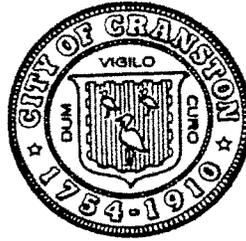
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**Introductory
Section**

ALLAN W. FUNG
MAYOR



ROBERT F. STROM
FINANCE DIRECTOR

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
CITY HALL
869 PARK AVENUE
CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND 02910

December 22, 2011

Honorable Mayor Allan W. Fung
and Members of the Cranston City Council
Cranston, Rhode Island

The Finance Department is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island for the year ended June 30, 2011. The report includes the independent auditors' report as required by Rhode Island Statutes. The report is prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City. Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the calculation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Braver PC, a public accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of municipalities within the State of Rhode Island, has audited the financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Cranston's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued document.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF CRANSTON

The City was established as a City in 1754 and incorporated as a City in 1910. With a population of 81,479 as determined by the Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation, the City is the third most populous municipality in the State of Rhode Island (the "State"). Primarily a residential community, the City contains many fine developments.

The City operates under a home rule charter adopted in 1962 (the "Charter"), providing for a mayor/council form of government with a nine-member City Council headed by a Council President. The Charter vests all legislative powers of the City in the City Council, including the ordering of any tax, the making of appropriations and the transacting of any other business pertaining to the financial affairs of the City.

Cranston is located immediately south of Rhode Island's Capitol. The City covers an area of almost 30 square miles, stretching from Narragansett Bay in the east to the Town of Scituate in the west. It is bordered on the north by Providence and Johnston and on the south by Warwick, West Warwick and Coventry.

The two main arteries that pass through the City are Routes 1-95 and 1-295. These interstate multi-lane highways run north-south through the City. They provide direct access to Providence and other major cities such as Boston (45 minutes north) and New York (3.5 hours south). Most of Rhode Island's hundreds of miles of scenic coastline are within a half-hour's drive. The City is also just minutes away from the State's T.F. Green Airport located in the City of Warwick.

Howard Industrial Park, located at the interchange of Interstate Route 95 and State Route 37, was the City's major economic development success story of the 1970s and 1980s. This location is home to 38 companies with a workforce of more than 3,000. Premiere national and international companies like Ross Simons and Swarovski help to identify this area as one of the premier industrial parks in the State.

Cranston has one of the best educational systems in the state. It has well-maintained housing, modern recreational facilities and active civic organizations. Its reputation as a comfortable, prosperous city makes it one of the most attractive areas in New England for both commercial and residential settlement.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Population

Ranked third in population among the 39 cities and towns in the State in 2010, the City experienced a 1.4% increase in population from 2000 to 2010.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City of Cranston places a high priority on economic development initiatives in order to solicit and secure new businesses as well as give continual support to the improvement of the City's present business community, improving the City's tax base and the employment opportunities for Cranston residents. The City has successfully implemented aggressive business recruitment and expansion programs and has reinvested heavily in its urban business corridors. Through a variety of forward thinking legislative initiatives, the City offers comprehensive investment incentives to increase the viability of new and existing development areas.

The City has a commitment to the economic development in all of its available areas and strives to achieve a balance between appropriate land use and bringing higher quality jobs and living standards to its residents. With the assistance of the City's Department of Economic Development, the City has been a leader in bringing industrial and commercial development to its numerous sites over the past decade. Convenient highway access, ample water and sewer services, and a tradition of excellent municipal services combine to provide the type of environment that the business community seeks when considering expansion or relocation.

Industrial Park

Western Cranston Industrial Area - Currently, this is not only Cranston's but one of the State of Rhode Island's fastest developing industrial parks, located centrally in the State at an interchange of Interstate Route 295 and Route 14. This area continues to develop as one of the most important parts of the City's industrial tax base. Nationally recognized companies like Con-Way Trucking, who operates a major new terminal on 13 acres, and Bay State Florist, an international floral exporter, are just a few of the many industrial tenants that have been attracted to this ever growing industrial area. Approximately 85 acres of fully serviced industrial land with excellent highway access remain available for development.

Chapel View Shopping Center

Located directly across from Garden City, this new upscale mixed use shopping group, coupled with the many high quality stores of its next door neighbor, will establish this area of Cranston as one of the leading shopping centers of not only the State but the Southeastern New England region. Located on the former site of the State's Youth Training and Reform school, the developers have used a number of the former historic structures, all over one hundred years old, to develop a European Village atmosphere that will have extensive upscale condominiums, office space and retail components. Current tenants include Shaw's Superstore Market, the largest and newest for the food chain in this area, Omaha Steaks, REI sporting goods store and several restaurants including Ted's Montana Grill and Johnny Rockets. When completed, this area will be home to over 368,000 square feet of retail and living space.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING (CONTINUED)

Recent Development Initiatives

Cranston Parkade - The long awaited redevelopment of the 77-acre former Narragansett Brewery property is completed. The Brewery Parkade has over 400,000 square feet of retail shopping area including such well-known retailers as Lowe's, Kmart, A.J. Wright, Super Stop & Shop, and several smaller stores. Phase II, the office development phase, has begun with a new 120,000 square foot complex to house the national restaurant chain, Texas Roadhouse, which has become a very successful facility. The developers completed a new state-of-the-art Police Headquarters and Municipal Court for the City of Cranston in June of 2007. Additional office buildings are currently in the planning stages and seven acres of additional open space has been added with the razing of the former Trolley Barn, which was part of the original Brewery Site. This substantial and visible economic redevelopment effort along Route 10 is proving to be a catalyst for the redevelopment of other nearby former industrial sites.

Western Cranston Office/Retail Development - Taking advantage of a vacant 100-acre parcel at the interchange of Interstate Route 295 and State Route 14, the City revised its zoning of the site to approve the construction of a 200,000 square foot retail complex and a 300,000 square foot office park. The construction of the retail component of this development is completed, and is anchored by a Wal-Mart department store. The office park will offer corporate office clients a landscaped business environment in a campus-like setting. Two new banks have recently been added to this development and 108 units of apartment housing are also nearing completion at this site bringing together all of the latest components of mixed use development.

Citizens Bank - The Citizens Bank technology service center, located in the former Davol Company, is already the City's single largest office employer. Located in close proximity to both the Chapel View and the Garden City Shopping Centers, it provides an excellent complement to the retail and service establishments located nearby.

Tasca Ford Lincoln Mercury - Nationwide the largest Ford dealership, Tasca expanded its Regional headquarters in Cranston. The project resulted in the redevelopment of some additional State property as well as a vacant industrial building to create a state-of-the-art Ford Lincoln Mercury Dealership and Service Center that is a model for other Ford dealerships throughout the United States.

Taco Manufacturing Expansion - A well known industrial/commercial valve and pump producer with worldwide distribution, has recently undergone an expansion to increase the size of its facility from 40,000 square feet to over 200,000 square feet. The expansion allowed Taco to consolidate all of its operations to one central location. This expansion is a further example of the revitalization of the Cranston Street area.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City's financial policies have been applied consistently with the prior year and had no notable current year effect on the financial statements. The State continues to struggle with balancing its budget. This has resulted in additional pressure at the local level from reductions in state aid compounded by tax levy caps imposed by the state.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cranston for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

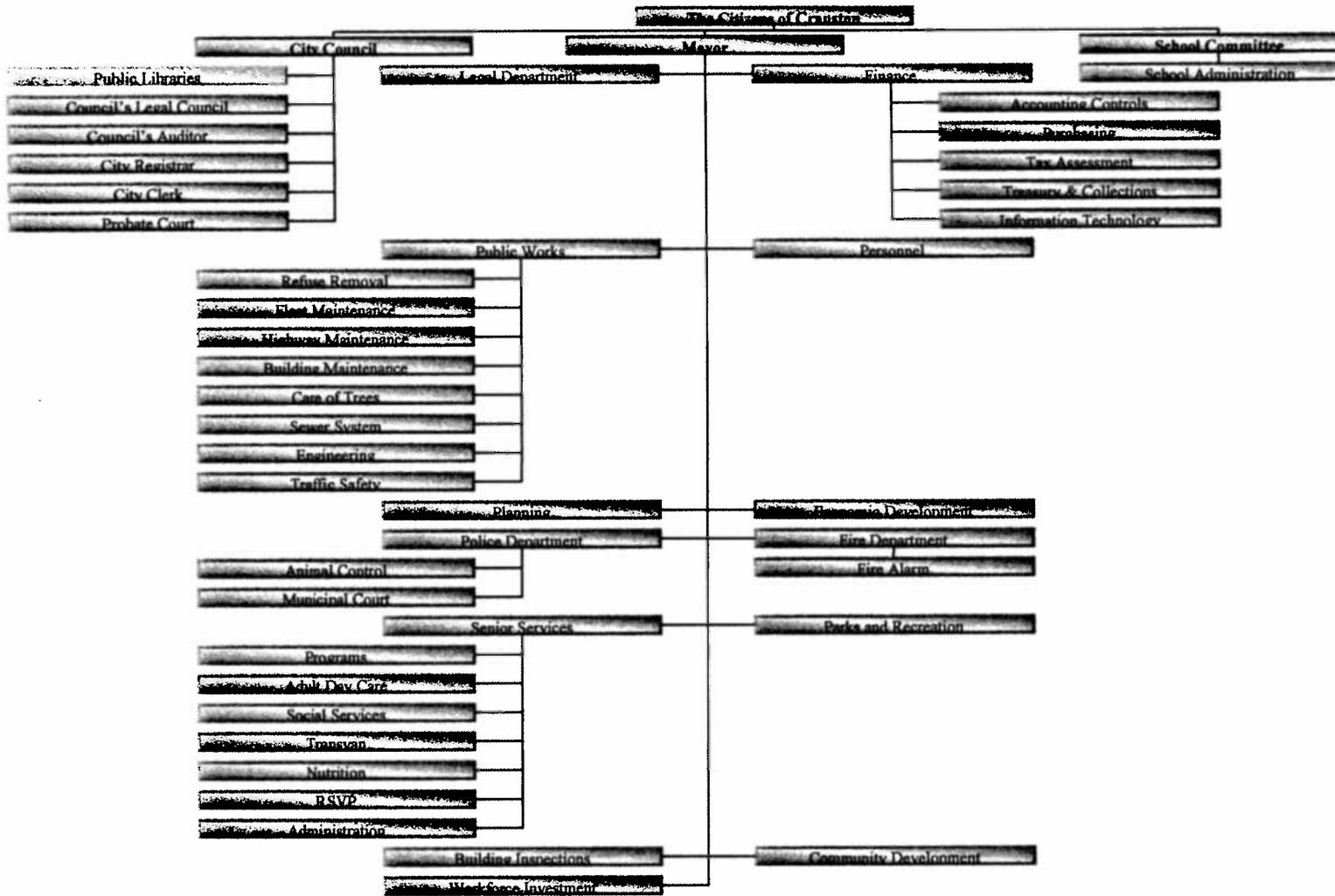
I would like to take this opportunity to thank the members of the Finance Department in the Division of Accounting Control, Treasury and Tax Collection, Contract and Purchase, Assessment and Management Information Systems for their diligence and cooperation on a daily basis in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of this department. The success that the Finance Department has enjoyed is due to their efforts.

I want to extend the grateful appreciation of all Finance Department employees and to you, Mayor and members of the City Council, for the confidence you have shown in us.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Robert F. Strom". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized initial "R".

Robert F. Strom,
Director of Finance



Council Appointments:

1. Tax Review Board
2. Board of Contract and Purchasing
3. Building Appeals Board
4. Personnel Appeals Board
5. Harbor Master
6. Sealer of Weights/Measures
7. Juvenile Hearing Board
8. Library Board
9. Municipal Court Judge
10. Probate Judge
11. Audit Committee
12. Harbor Management Plan Commission
13. Architects and Engineers
14. Industrial Performance

Joint Appointments:

1. Board of Canvassers
2. Conservation Commission
3. Housing Board
4. Claims Committee
5. Charter Review Commission
6. Historical Cemeteries Committee
7. Housing Authority
8. Zoning Board of Review
9. School Building Committee

Mayoral Appointments:

1. Parks & Rec. Adv. Brd.
2. Redevelopment Agency
3. Historic District Comm.
4. Industrial Dev. Comm.
5. Investment Committee
6. Pawtuxet River Authority
7. Planning Commission
8. Senior Services Advisory Board

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2011

MAYOR

Allan Fung

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Robert F. Strom, Finance Director

Michael Igoe, CPA - City Controller

Salvatore Saccoccio - Tax Assessor

David Capuano - City Treasurer

Mark Marchesi - Purchasing Agent

William Aguiar - Information Technology Manager

CITY COUNCIL

Anthony J. Lupino - Council President

Robert J. Pelletier - Council Vice President

Emilio L. Navarro

James E. Donahue

Leslie Ann Luciano

Michael W. Favicchio

Paul H. Archetto

Richard D. Santamaria, Jr.

Steven A. Stycos

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Cranston
Rhode Island

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Linda C. Davison

President

Jeffrey R. Enos

Executive Director

**Financial
Section**

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Finance
City of Cranston, Rhode Island

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2011, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 11 through 25, and 86 through 93, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

City of Cranston, Rhode Island
Page Two

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section and the accompanying financial information listed as supplemental schedules in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Brian, PC". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Providence, Rhode Island
December 22, 2011

Allan W. Fung
MAYOR



Robert F. Strom
FINANCE DIRECTOR

Department of Finance
869 Park Avenue
Cranston, RI 02910-2738
(401) 461-1000

***MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011***

As management of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, we offer readers of the City of Cranston's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues that the City has encountered.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Cranston exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 by \$1.7 million (*net assets*).
- The City's total net assets decreased by \$2.0 million (or 54.1%). The governmental net assets decreased by \$3.3 million (or 8.4%) and the business-type net assets increased by \$1.3 million (or 3.0%).
- The governmental activities revenue increased \$3.3 million (or 1.3%) and the net results from activities increased from prior year by \$3.5 million. In 2011, the results of activities produced a decrease in net assets of \$3.3 million and in 2010 the results of activities produced a decrease in net assets of \$6.8 million.
- The business-type activities revenue decreased by \$0.9 million (or 3.5%) as restated, and the net results from activities decreased from prior year by \$0.9 million. In 2011, the results of activities produced an increase in business-type net assets of \$1.3 million, while in 2010 the results of activities produced an increase of \$2.2 million in business-type net assets.
- The General Fund (the primary operating fund) reflected on a current financial resource basis reports a decrease in fund balance of \$0.6 million (or 2.7%), compared to an increase of \$1.4 million in the prior year as restated.
- The City's total debt decreased by \$4.6 million. The decrease is due primarily to the scheduled repayment of \$9.3 million of outstanding debt and issuance of \$4.7 million of new general and business-type debt.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets (Exhibit A) and the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government Wide Financial Statements

Reporting the City as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the City's net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base, to assess the overall health of the City.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Cranston that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities present the functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, public libraries, parks and recreation, education, senior services, community development, and interest expense. The business-type activities of the City of Cranston include sewer utilities, the Public Facilities Management Foundation, and the School Lunch Fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 53 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and School Department, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 51 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the other 51 governmental funds, which are consolidated into 21 funds for reporting purposes, is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the installation of sprinkler systems into various schools) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibility for using certain taxes, grants and other money (like grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development).

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and School Department. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of them as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City of Cranston maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Cranston uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer operations, Public Facilities Management Foundation, and its school lunch program. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Cranston uses an internal service fund to account for certain self-insured risks. Because this fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer utilities fund and the Public Facilities Management Foundation, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Cranston. The school lunch program fund is the sole non-major enterprise fund and is presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements. The internal service fund is also presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits F, G, and H of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits I, and J of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on Exhibit K of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary compliance schedules for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund-School Unrestricted, as well as the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Assets

Included below is a condensed Statement of Net Assets for the City of Cranston. The condensed format allows the reader to view the overall financial position of the City.

Condensed Statement of Net Assets

**As of June 30
 (In Millions)**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Business-type Activities</u> (As Restated)		<u>Total</u> (As Restated)	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 226.4	\$ 220.2	\$ 15.1	\$ 31.2	\$ 241.5	\$ 251.4
Capital assets	127.7	126.7	63.3	65.1	191.0	191.8
Total assets	354.1	346.9	78.4	96.3	432.5	443.2
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities						
Outstanding	189.4	187.4	27.2	46.8	216.6	234.2
Other liabilities	207.5	199.0	6.7	6.3	214.2	205.3
Total liabilities	396.9	386.4	33.9	53.1	430.8	439.5
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, Net of debt	38.8	36.9	55.8	56.7	94.6	93.6
Restricted		2.8		0.5	22.7	3.3
Unrestricted	(81.6)	(79.2)	(11.3)	(14.0)	(115.6)	(93.2)
Total net assets	\$ (42.8)	\$ (39.5)	\$ 44.5	\$ 43.2	\$ 1.7	\$ 3.7

The composition of net assets and the changes in net assets over a period of time serves as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's total assets at June 30, 2011, exceed liabilities by \$1.7 million. Of the net assets, \$(115.6) million are unrestricted net assets. The City's net assets are comprised of \$(42.8) million from governmental activities and \$44.5 million from business-type activities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Condensed Statement of Net Assets (Continued)

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt comprises \$94.6 and \$93.6 million of net assets at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. This category reflects the total invested in capital assets (vehicles, equipment, etc.) net of any related debt used to acquire capital assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and do not represent resources available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The second category of net assets, restricted net assets, represents net assets that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Restricted net assets as of June 30, 2011 totaled \$0.

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Net Assets summary presentation:

Net Results of Activities - which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net assets.

Borrowing for Capital - which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital - which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in invested in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change the invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital - which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Principal Payment on Debt - which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation - which will reduce capital assets and invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Governmental Activities-Condensed Statements of Net Assets

The category of "Current and Other Assets" was \$226.4 million at June 30, 2011. This category included "Receivables-Property Taxes" of \$182.3 million, an increase of \$2.4 million or 1.4% from June 30, 2010 and was necessitated to cover the reduction of several categories of state aid previously pledged by the State of RI. Also included in this category were "Cash" of \$23.0 million and "Receivables-Intergovernmental" of \$9.9 million.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities-Condensed Statements of Net Assets (Continued)

The long-term liabilities outstanding at fiscal year-end was \$189.4 million, of which \$86.9 million consisted of general obligation bonds and leases payable. The proceeds from these obligations were used to fund various capital projects (such as school construction and playground construction and improvements).

Total net assets at June 30, 2011 was \$(42.8) million and was comprised of unrestricted net assets of \$(81.6) and “Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt” of \$38.8 million.

Business-Type Activities-Condensed Statements of Net Assets

For business-type activities, such as the Sewer Enterprise Fund, “Current and Other Assets” of \$15.1 million consisted primarily of \$8.4 million in cash which was available to support the current operations of the Enterprise Funds, “Receivables-Intergovernmental” of \$4.8 million.

Long-term liabilities of \$27.2 million were comprised of \$19.2 million of unearned revenues and \$7.9 million representing the non-current portion of long-term liabilities, primarily general obligation bonds used to finance the capital operations of the Sewer Plant as well as SRF (state revolving fund) loan from Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency. Other liabilities of \$6.7 million consisted primarily of the current portion of unearned revenue of \$2.6 million, \$2.7 million of accounts payable, and \$1.3 million for the current portion of long-term bonds payable.

The total net assets for the Business-type Activities as of June 30, 2011 were \$44.5 million. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt was the major component of net assets for business-type activities and amounted to \$55.8 million at June 30, 2011. As stated above, in the government-wide analysis of the Statement of Net Assets, the total of \$(11.3) million comprises “Unrestricted Net Assets”.

Statement of Activities

A condensed Statement of Activities for the City of Cranston is presented below listing the major categories of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

Condensed Statement of Activities
 Year Ended June 30 (In Millions)

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Business-Type Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	2011	2010	(As Restated)		(As Restated)	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 14.5	\$ 15.7	\$23.0	\$23.6	\$37.5	\$ 39.3
Operating grants and contributions	59.8	63.6	1.8	1.5	61.6	65.1
Capital grants and contributions	0.6	0.6			0.6	0.6
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	178.9	172.9			178.9	172.9
Gain on sale of assets	0.7	0.3			0.7	0.3
Grants and contributions not						
Restricted to specific programs						
Unrestricted investment earnings	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.9	1.1
Transfers	0.5		(0.5)			
Other	3.6	2.1			3.6	2.1
Total revenues	259.2	255.9	24.6	25.5	283.8	281.4

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Activities (Continued)

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Business-Type Activities</u> (As Restated)		<u>Total</u> (As Restated)	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Program Expenses:						
General government.....	\$ 11.7	\$ 11.9	\$	\$	\$ 11.7	\$ 11.9
Public safety.....	74.2	75.0			74.2	75.0
Public works.....	14.2	14.1			14.2	14.1
Education.....	148.5	147.4			148.5	147.4
Parks and recreation.....	1.7	1.6			1.7	1.6
Libraries.....	2.9	2.9			2.9	2.9
Senior services.....	2.7	2.8			2.7	2.8
Other.....			5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0
Community development.....	1.6	2.0			1.6	2.0
Sewer.....			17.6	17.3	17.6	17.3
Interest and other costs.....	5.0	5.0			5.0	5.0
Total expenses.....	262.5	262.7	23.3	23.3	285.8	286.0
Change in net assets.....	(3.3)	(6.8)	1.3	2.2	(2.0)	(4.6)
Net assets – July 1 (as restated).....	(39.5)	(32.7)	43.2	41.0	3.7	8.3
Net assets – June 30.....	\$(42.8)	\$(39.5)	\$ 44.5	\$ 43.2	\$ 1.7	\$ 3.7

The Condensed Statement of Net Assets presents revenues, expenses and changes in net assets separately for governmental activities and business-type activities. The condensed format allows for presentation of program revenues (charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions) followed by a listing of general revenues to support the City's overall government or business-type activities. Expenses are presented on a functional basis, with depreciation on capital assets directly allocated to the related expense.

Governmental Activities-Condensed Statement of Activities

General revenues include all revenues not required to be reported as "program revenue". The other "general revenues" of \$184.3 and \$176.0 million includes \$178.9 and \$172.9 million in property taxes for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

"Program expenses" are presented in the Condensed Statement of Activities by function and total \$262.5 and \$262.7 million (including interest on long-term debt) for the fiscal years June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

"Changes in net assets" increased \$3.5 million to \$(3.3) million from \$(6.8) million for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The change resulted primarily from an increase in property tax revenue offset by a decrease in operating grants and charges for services.

Business-Type Activities – Condensed Statement of Activities

Business-Type Activities provided by the City of Cranston consists primarily of the operation of the wastewater facility commonly known as the Sewer Enterprise Fund. The majority of revenues for this fund consist of charges for services. In fiscal years 2011 and 2010 as restated, the City generated \$23.0 and \$23.6 million, respectively, in charges for services for all of its business-type activities.

The total amount of expenses for business-type activities were \$23.3 and \$23.3 million, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The “Change in Net Assets” resulted in a decrease of \$0.9 million to \$1.3 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, as compared to \$2.2 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010 as restated. The decrease was due primarily to the restatement of receivable balances in prior fiscal year resulting in an increase in net assets at June 30, 2010 of \$0.7 million. This one-time increase is the primary difference in the “Change in Net Assets”. See footnote I to the “Notes to Basic Financial Statements” for further details of the restatement.

Financial Analysis of City’s Funds

Governmental Funds

The City of Cranston’s governmental funds consists of two major funds. The major funds are the City’s General Fund and the School Department. Presented below is a condensed Balance Sheet for the two major funds of the Governmental funds.

Combined fund balances for all the Governmental Funds was \$22.7 million. Fund balance was comprised of \$6.7 million nonspendable fund balances, \$14.6 million restricted fund balance and \$1.4 million committed fund balances. Under the modified-accrual basis for Fund Financial Statements, the emphasis is on accounting for current financial resources of the City. Assets of \$241.6 million include primarily \$22.3 million in “Cash”, \$180.9 million in “Taxes Receivable”, \$9.9 million in “Intergovernmental Receivables”, \$2.9 million “Loans”, “Due from Other Funds” of \$16.7 million, \$6.3 million in “Advance to School Department” and the remaining \$2.6 million in “Other Current Assets”. Liabilities of \$218.8 million consisted of \$7.0 million in “Accounts Payable”, \$12.7 million in “Due to Other Funds”, \$188.9 million in “Unearned Revenue”, \$0.5 million of “Claims Payable”, \$1.4 million of other miscellaneous liabilities, “Bond Anticipation Notes” of \$2.0 million and \$6.3 million of Advances from Other Funds”.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED
 JUNE 30, 2011

Condensed Balance Sheet

As of June 30
 (In Millions)

	General Fund		School Department		Total Major Funds	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u> (As Restated)	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u> (As Restated)
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$211.2	\$205.5	\$11.4	\$8.8	\$222.6	\$214.3
Total assets	211.2	205.5	11.4	8.8	222.6	214.3
Liabilities:						
Other liabilities	189.6	183.3	18.4	15.4	208.0	198.7
Total liabilities	189.6	183.3	18.4	15.4	208.0	198.7
Fund Balance:						
Non-spendable	3.2		3.5		6.7	
Restricted	6.4				6.4	
Committed	1.3		0.1		1.4	
Assigned						
Unassigned	10.7		(10.6)		0.1	
Reserved		7.6		2.4		10.0
Unreserved		14.6		(9.0)		5.6
Total fund balance	\$21.6	\$22.2	\$(7.0)	\$(6.6)	\$14.6	\$15.6

General Fund - Condensed Balance Sheet

The General Fund's total assets of \$211.2 million consists primarily of \$9.5 million in "Cash", \$180.9 million of "Taxes Receivable" \$5.8 million of "Intergovernmental Receivables", "Advances" of \$6.3 million, amounts "Due from Other Funds" of \$8.4 million and "Advanced Deposits-hospitalization" of \$0.3million.

Total liabilities for the General Fund were \$189.6 million. "Accounts payable" amounted to \$1.5 million, \$185.6 million represented "Unearned Revenue", \$0.6 million in "Due to Other Funds", \$0.5 million in "Claims Payable" and \$1.4 million of accrued liabilities.

As of June 30, 2011 the City's fund balance was \$21.6 million of which \$3.2 million was "Nonspendable", \$6.4 million was "Restricted", \$1.3 million was "Committed" and \$10.7 million was "Unassigned".

School Department - Condensed Balance Sheet

The School Department's total assets were \$11.4 million. The majority of that consisted primarily of \$1.1 million in "Cash" \$0.1 million in "Intergovernmental Receivables", \$0.2 million of "Prepays", \$2.0 million of "Other Receivables" and \$8.0 of "Due from other funds".

Liabilities for the School Department totaled \$18.4 million. The majority of that consisted of \$6.3 of advances from the general fund, "Accounts Payable" of \$4.1 million and \$8.0 million "Due to Other Funds". For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, the School Department had a fund balance of \$(7.0) million. This was comprised of \$3.5 million "Nonspendable", \$0.1 million "Committed" and \$(10.6) million in "Unassigned" fund balance.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

A condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the City of Cranston is presented below listing the major categories of revenues and expenditures for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. The major funds for the City of Cranston are the "General Fund" and the "School Department."

The fund reporting format, also presented on a functional basis, presented in "Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds" presents all revenue types followed by the expenditures of the City. The fund financial statements report current year capital expenditures and do not report depreciation on capital assets. Likewise, principal payments on long-term liabilities are reported as current year expenditures and are not offset against the related long-term liability as within the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The major source of revenues for the City comes from "General Property Taxes". For the years ending June 30, 2011, and 2010, the City collected \$178.7, and \$165.6 million of property taxes, respectively. Total revenues for all major governmental funds for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, were \$258.0, and \$242.0 million, respectively. For the major governmental funds, the total expenditures for the years ending June 30, 2011, and 2010, were \$260.7, and \$242.7 million, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2011, General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$88.8 million before other financing sources (uses) as compared to \$87.6 million for the period ending June 30, 2010.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	Year Ended June 30 (In Millions)				Total Major Governmental	
	<u>General Fund</u> (As Restated)		<u>School Department</u>		<u>Governmental</u> (As Restated)	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues:						
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$178.7	\$165.6	\$	\$	\$178.7	\$165.6
Intergovernmental	5.9	15.6	32.6	37.9	38.5	53.5
Charges for services	10.9	11.7	1.9	1.9	12.8	13.6
State fiscal stabilization funds			0.8	2.4	0.8	2.4
State on behalf pension contributions			5.7	5.1	5.7	5.1
Investment income	0.1	0.1			0.1	0.1
Other	1.2	2.5	1.8	0.5	3.0	3.0
Total revenues	196.8	195.5	42.8	47.8	239.6	243.3
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	7.9	6.8			7.9	6.8
Public safety	67.6	68.2			67.6	68.2
Public works	14.5	13.6			14.5	13.6
Education			132.3	136.1	132.3	136.1
Parks and recreation	1.8	2.0			1.8	2.0
Public libraries	2.9	2.9			2.9	2.9
Senior services	2.6	2.7			2.6	2.7
Other	0.1	0.2			0.1	0.2
Debt Service:						
Principal	6.5	5.9			6.5	5.9
Interest and other costs	4.1	4.3			4.1	4.3
Total expenditures	108.0	106.6	132.3	136.1	240.3	242.7

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

	<u>General Fund</u>		<u>School Department</u>		<u>Total Major Governmental</u>	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
	(As Restated)				(As Restated)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses).....	88.8	88.9	(89.5)	(88.3)	(0.7)	0.6
<i>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</i>						
Issuance of Debt.....						
Carulo action-settlement.....	(1.0)	(3.6)	1.0	3.6		
Transfers in.....	.8		89.2	86.4	90.0	86.4
Transfers out.....	(89.2)	(86.7)	(1.2)		(90.4)	(86.7)
<i>Net other financing sources (uses).....</i>	<i>(89.4)</i>	<i>(90.3)</i>	<i>89.0</i>	<i>90.0</i>	<i>(0.4)</i>	<i>(0.3)</i>
Net change in fund balances.....	(0.6)	(1.4)	(0.5)	1.7	(1.1)	0.3
<i>Fund balance July 1 (as restated).....</i>	22.2	23.6	(6.6)	(8.3)	15.6	15.3
<i>Fund balance June 30.....</i>	\$ 21.6	\$ 22.2	\$ (7.1)	\$ (6.6)	\$ 14.5	\$ 15.6

Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-General Fund

The City's General Fund had revenues of \$196.8 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This was comprised of \$178.7 million in "General Property Taxes", \$5.9 million of "Intergovernmental" revenues, \$10.9 million in "Charges for Services", \$0.1 million in "Investment Income", and \$1.2 million in "Other" revenue.

Expenditures for the General Fund for fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 were \$108.0 million. These expenditures consisted of \$7.9 million in "General Government" expenditures, \$67.6 million of "Public Safety" expenditures, \$14.5 million of "Public Works" expenditures, \$1.8 million of "Parks and Recreation" expenditures, \$2.9 million of "Public Libraries" expenditures, \$2.6 million of "Senior Services" expenditures, \$0.1 million of "Other" expenditures, \$6.5 million of "Debt Service Principal" expenditures, and \$4.1 million of "Interest and Other Costs".

In addition to general operating expenses, the General Fund also had "Net Other Financing Uses" of \$(89.4) million. This was composed of a \$(89.2) million transfers out, which was transferred to the "School Department". It also includes an additional transfer out of \$(1.0) million to the "School Department" as part of the Carulo action-settlement. Please refer to the "Subsequent Events" section of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for more information regarding the Carulo action-settlement.

The net change in fund balances was \$(0.6) million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This was primarily due to the \$(1.0) million transfer out to the School Department as part of the Carulo action settlement off set by various departmental expenditure savings.

Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-School Department

The "School Department" had revenues for the year ended June 30, 2011 of \$42.8 million. This was derived from \$32.6 million of "Intergovernmental" revenues, \$1.9 million of "Charges for Services", \$0.8 million for "State Fiscal Stabilization", \$5.7 million of an on behalf pension contribution made by the state and \$1.8 million of "Other Income".

Expenditures for the School Department totaled \$132.3 million. This entire amount represents expenditures related to "Education".

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-School Department

In addition to general operating revenues, the School Department received \$89.0 million of "Other Financing Sources". This amount was comprised of "Transfers In" from the "General Fund" of \$89.2 million for operations, another "Transfer In" of \$1.0 million relating to the Carulo action-settlement and a \$1.2 million "Transfer Out" to establish an internal service fund for the School Department to track hospitalization activity.

The net change in fund balance was \$(0.5) million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This was primarily due to the reduction in state aid offset by a reduction in the cost of education.

Proprietary Funds

The Proprietary Funds consist of the Sewer Fund, the Public Facilities Management Foundation, the School Lunch Program, the Charter School Program and the Internal Service Funds. The major source of revenues consists of "Charges for Usage and Service" of \$40.2 million. Total operating revenues were \$44.0 million. Total operating expenses for the year ending June 30, 2011, for the Proprietary Funds were \$47.7 million. The "Health Care Management" of the school department of \$23.8 million and the "Contract Payments" of \$14.3 million for sewer privatization comprise the majority of the expenses. Net "Non-Operating Revenues" for the year ending June 30, 2011 were \$2.6 million. The Proprietary Funds ended fiscal year 2011 with \$1.1 million less in revenues than expenses. Total Net Assets were \$42.7 million at June 30, 2011, of that "Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt" was \$55.8 million and \$(13.1) million were "Unrestricted Net Assets". Total Net Assets June 30, 2011 decreased \$1.0 million from \$43.7 million as restated to \$42.7 million or 2.3%.

Analysis of Significant Budget Variations in the General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2011, the General Fund Revenues were under budget projections by \$ 4.3 million or 1.8%. General Fund expenditures were under budget by \$4.3 million or 1.8%. This resulted in a break-even outcome for the year ending June 30, 2011.

Significant revenue variances include:

- Property taxes – Favorable variance of \$0.7 million due to an aggressive collection policy.
- Departmental Income – Unfavorable variance of \$2.4 million due primarily to the sluggish economy and lack of real estate transactions including building permits.
- Intergovernmental – Unfavorable variance of \$1.1 million from the reductions in state aid.

Significant expenditure variances include:

- Rescue Fund – Favorable variance of \$2.2 million due to fewer rescue runs for Cranston residents than anticipated.
- The following departments had favorable variances due to attrition in the work force and reduction in departmental expenditures:
 1. Fire- \$0.9 million
 2. Public Works-\$0.1 million
 3. Senior Services-\$0.1 million
 4. Police-\$0.7 million
 5. Municipal Debt-\$0.1 million

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

The City of Cranston's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 amounted to \$191.0 and \$191.8 million, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, motor vehicles, machinery and equipment and office furniture and equipment, and infrastructure.

The presentation below for the current fiscal year lists the major categories of capital assets for governmental activities and business-type activities. Infrastructure assets, assets that are long-lived and can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets and that normally are stationary in nature such as streets, sidewalks and curbing are subject to different rules under the standards established by GASB 34. All infrastructure assets are included in the City's capital assets.

Capital Assets at Year End
(In Millions)

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Business-Type Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Land	\$ 12.8	\$ 11.8	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.3	\$ 13.1	\$ 12.1
Construction in progress	1.9	2.1	0.5	0.2	2.4	2.3
Land improvements	15.7	14.9	0.3	0.3	16.0	15.2
Buildings	89.6	85.9			89.6	85.9
Motor vehicles	15.8	16.2			15.8	16.2
Equipment	10.9	10.3	0.5	0.5	11.4	10.8
Infrastructure	82.9	82.9			82.9	82.9
Leasehold improvements			0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Sewer lines			49.4	49.2	49.4	49.2
Treatment and pumping plant			81.0	81.0	81.0	81.0
Total assets	229.6	224.1	132.2	131.6	361.8	355.7
Less: accumulated depreciation	(101.9)	(97.4)	(68.9)	(66.5)	(170.8)	(163.9)
Net capital assets	\$ 127.7	\$ 126.7	\$ 63.3	\$ 65.1	\$ 191.0	\$ 191.8

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011 were \$361.8 million less accumulated depreciation of \$170.8 million for a net investment in capital assets of \$191.0 million.

Governmental Activities:

Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 included the following:

- \$0.3 million of construction of a salt storage facility.
- \$0.6 million in paving of roads.
- \$1.0 million towards the acquisition of open space.
- \$0.5 million in roof replacements
- \$0.7 million for cost associated with construction project in process to upgrade schools facilities.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities:

Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 included the following:

- \$0.2 million of completed infrastructure improvements placed in service.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found on Note III C of this report.

Long-Term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2011, the governmental activities had total long-term obligations of \$189.4 million. Of that, \$79.0 million related to bonded debt guaranteed by the City's assets. The City currently has \$1.4 million in leases payable. The business-type activities had total long-term obligations of \$8.0 million. Of that, \$6.5 million related to State Revolving Loans (SRF) from Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency and \$1.4 million related to Certificates of Participation that relate to the Public Facilities Management Foundation. The (SRF) funds are available for projects related to clean water. The \$1.4 million of Certificates of Participation relate to acquisition and improvements of the Public Works Facility. See Note III.F.1. for further explanation of outstanding debt.

Based on an actuarial valuations completed as of July 1, 2011, the net pension obligation liability for unpaid pension contributions increased by \$3.2 million from \$90.4 million at June 30, 2010 to \$93.6 million at June 30, 2011. Also, the net other post-employment benefit obligation (OPEB) liability increased \$1.8 million to \$5.7 million at June 30, 2011 as compared to \$3.9 million as of June 30, 2010.

Additional information can be found in Note III.F.1.

Debt Outstanding

For the year ending June 30, 2011, the City had \$96.2 million in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding as compared to \$100.8 million at June 30, 2010, a net decrease of \$4.6 million or 4.6% (considering debt retirement and new issues). The key factors for this decrease were \$9.3 million in principal payments and \$2.5 million in lease payments relating to the restructuring of the Certificates of Participation. These payments were offset by an additional \$3.8 million in additional borrowings for general construction projects, a \$1.7 million in a revised lease with the Public Facilities Management foundation and \$1.7 million in refinancing of the Certificates of Participation.

**Outstanding Debt, at June 30
 (in Millions)**

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
<i>Governmental:</i>		
General obligation bonds	\$ 85.2	\$87.3
Capital lease	1.7	2.5
<i>Subtotal</i>	<u>86.9</u>	<u>89.8</u>
<i>Business-type:</i>		
Sewer revolving loans	7.5	8.5
Certificates of participation	1.8	2.5
<i>Subtotal</i>	<u>9.3</u>	<u>11.0</u>
<i>Total</i>	<u>\$ 96.2</u>	<u>\$100.8</u>

Principal payments of \$5.8 million and \$3.5 million were made in the governmental and business-type activities, respectively, during fiscal year 2011.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Except as explained below, under Rhode Island law the City may not, without special statutory authorization, incur any debt that would increase its aggregate indebtedness not otherwise excepted by law to an amount greater than 3% of the taxable property of the City. Deducted from the computation of aggregate indebtedness is the amount of any borrowing in anticipation of taxes authorized by law and the amount of any sinking funds maintained by the City. There is currently no outstanding debt of the city subject to the 3% debt limit. The current 3% debt limit of the City is \$227.1 million based on taxable property as of December 31, 2009, of approximately \$7.6 billion. On June 30, 2011, the City had \$82.6 million of debt outstanding that is outside the 3% debt limit.

The City's bond ratings are as follows:

- Standard & Poor's : "A"
- Fitch Ratings: "A"
- Moody's Investors Service : "A1"

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- As noted previously, the Fiscal Year 2012 operating budget was passed by a majority vote of the City Council. Property tax collections were assumed to be collected at 98.3% of the current levy.
- The City budgeted approximately \$20.4 million for Police and Fire Pension Fund contributions.
- The City increased the tax levy by 3.4% to help fund a \$5 million increase in the school departments' appropriation.

Unemployment Statistics

The most recent labor market information summary indicates that annualized unemployment for the years indicated was as shown in the following table:

	<u>Annualized</u>									
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
City of Cranston.....	4.2%	4.4%	5.3%	5.3%	5.1%	5.0%	5.4%	7.7%	10.9%	11.9%
State of Rhode Island.....	4.7	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.2	4.9	7.9	11.2	11.3
United States.....	4.8	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8	9.3	9.6

Source: Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City of Cranston's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Finance Director
 City of Cranston
 869 Park Avenue
 Cranston RI 02910

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**Basic
Financial
Statements**

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
JUNE 30, 2011

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash.....	\$ 23,044,933	\$ 8,445,341	\$ 31,490,274
Investments.....	11,606		11,606
Inventory.....		32,828	32,828
Receivables:			
Property taxes.....	182,306,791		182,306,791
Sewer assessments and user fees, net.....		624,110	624,110
Intergovernmental.....	9,946,162	4,778,353	14,724,515
Loans.....	2,884,307		2,884,307
Other.....	2,104,900	467,641	2,572,541
Prepays.....	3,048,036	24,384	3,072,420
Bond issue costs - current.....	237,873	25,122	262,995
Internal balances.....	800,995	(800,995)	-
Total current assets.....	224,385,603	13,596,784	237,982,387
Receivables (net):			
Other.....		1,400,000	1,400,000
Other assets.....		500	500
Bond issue costs - noncurrent.....	2,095,801	61,587	2,157,388
Total receivables and other assets.....	2,095,801	1,462,087	3,557,888
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Land.....	12,849,088	342,712	13,191,800
Construction in progress.....	1,890,593	529,073	2,419,666
Land improvements.....	7,147,380	41,583	7,188,963
Buildings and leasehold improvements.....	51,760,452	101,316	51,861,768
Sewer service to customers.....		20,076,836	20,076,836
Treatment and pumping plant.....		42,150,527	42,150,527
Vehicles.....	2,162,372	-	2,162,372
Machinery, equipment and furniture.....	1,804,448	83,067	1,887,515
Infrastructure.....	50,065,012	-	50,065,012
Total net capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation).....	127,679,345	63,325,114	191,004,459
Total noncurrent assets.....	129,775,146	64,787,201	194,562,347
TOTAL ASSETS.....	\$ 354,160,749	\$ 78,383,985	\$ 432,544,734

(Continued)

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
JUNE 30, 2011

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
LIABILITIES			
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable.....	\$ 7,669,794	\$ 2,734,598	\$ 10,404,392
Accrued liabilities.....	88,931		88,931
Accrued payroll.....	1,399,324	2,264	1,401,588
Accrued interest payable.....	1,503,639	36,643	1,540,282
Retainage payable.....	54,460		54,460
Unearned revenue.....	185,472,058	2,613,007	188,085,065
Claims payable.....	1,617,313		1,617,313
Bond anticipation notes/interim funding obligations.....	2,000,000		2,000,000
Long-term liabilities due within one year.....	7,722,102	1,320,454	9,042,556
Total current liabilities.....	207,527,621	6,706,966	214,234,587
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Unearned revenue.....		19,200,000	19,200,000
Net OPEB obligation.....		60,702	60,702
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year.....	189,414,707	7,930,318	197,345,025
Total noncurrent liabilities.....	189,414,707	27,191,020	216,605,727
TOTAL LIABILITIES.....	396,942,328	33,897,986	430,840,314
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt.....	38,755,896	55,835,806	94,591,702
Unrestricted.....	(81,537,475)	(11,349,807)	(92,887,282)
TOTAL NET ASSETS.....	\$ (42,781,579)	\$ 44,485,999	\$ 1,704,420

(Concluded)

EXHIBIT B

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	PROGRAM REVENUES			NET REVENUES (EXPENSES) AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS			
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
General government	\$ 11,681,983	\$ 5,968,476	\$ 4,550,938	\$ -	\$ (1,162,569)	\$ -	\$ (1,162,569)
Public safety	74,176,278	3,893,316	190,478	638,392	(69,454,092)	-	(69,454,092)
Public works	14,162,027	681,668	2,672,767	-	(10,807,592)	-	(10,807,592)
Education	148,470,757	1,860,578	50,490,004	-	(96,120,175)	-	(96,120,175)
Parks and recreation	1,674,918	266,406	7,003	-	(1,401,509)	-	(1,401,509)
Public libraries	2,929,901	87,400	629,237	-	(2,213,264)	-	(2,213,264)
Senior services	2,747,580	1,806,092	1,300,022	-	(941,488)	-	(941,488)
Community development	1,560,098	-	-	-	(260,076)	-	(260,076)
Interest expense	5,003,790	-	-	-	(5,003,790)	-	(5,003,790)
Other	119,225	-	-	-	(119,225)	-	(119,225)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	262,526,557	14,563,936	59,840,449	638,392	(187,483,780)	-	(187,483,780)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:							
Sewer fund	17,604,843	18,876,713	-	-	1,271,870	-	1,271,870
Public facilities management foundation	200,937	136,911	-	-	(64,026)	-	(64,026)
Charter school fund	2,960,621	2,989,071	-	-	28,450	-	28,450
School lunch fund	2,565,806	953,102	1,787,715	-	175,011	-	175,011
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	23,332,207	22,955,797	1,787,715	-	1,411,305	1,411,305	1,411,305
TOTALS	\$ 285,858,764	\$ 37,519,733	\$ 61,628,164	\$ 638,392	(187,483,780)	1,411,305	(186,072,475)
GENERAL REVENUES:							
Property taxes	.....	.....	.....	.....	178,871,587	-	178,871,587
Gain on sale of assets	.....	.....	.....	.....	662,520	-	662,520
Other income	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,600,368	-	3,600,368
Investment income	.....	.....	.....	.....	577,703	342,267	919,970
Operating Transfers In (Out) to fiduciary funds	.....	.....	.....	.....	488,880	(488,880)	-
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	.....	.....	.....	.....	184,201,058	(146,613)	184,054,445
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	.....	.....	.....	.....	(3,282,722)	1,264,692	(2,018,030)
NET ASSETS - JULY 1, 2010 (AS RESTATED)	.....	.....	.....	.....	(39,498,857)	43,221,307	3,722,450
NET ASSETS - JUNE 30, 2011	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$ (42,781,579)	\$ 44,485,999	\$ 1,704,420

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2011

	GENERAL FUND	SCHOOL DEPARTMENT	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:				
Cash	\$ 9,530,544	\$ 1,105,586	\$ 11,618,630	\$ 22,254,760
Investments			11,606	11,606
Receivables:				
Taxes, net	180,888,463			180,888,463
Intergovernmental	5,788,010	131,367	4,026,785	9,946,162
Loans			2,884,307	2,884,307
Other	7,905	1,965,349	117,316	2,090,570
Prepays		134,323	-	134,323
Advance deposits - hospitalization	328,800			328,800
Due from other funds	8,373,576	8,034,867	329,609	16,738,052
Due from other governments			-	-
Advances to School Department	6,295,561			6,295,561
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 211,212,859	\$ 11,371,492	\$ 18,988,253	\$ 241,572,604
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,546,087	\$ 4,162,380	\$ 1,263,094	\$ 6,971,561
Accrued payroll	1,343,570		53,579	1,397,149
Accrued liabilities	34,441			34,441
Retainage payable			54,460	54,460
Due to other funds	580,156	7,947,478	4,142,201	12,669,835
Unearned revenue	185,605,870		3,297,075	188,902,945
Claims payable	457,287			457,287
Other liabilities	-		54,490	54,490
Advances from City		6,295,561		6,295,561
Bond anticipation notes	-		2,000,000	2,000,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	189,567,411	18,405,419	10,864,899	218,837,729
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable	3,264,015	3,489,492	-	6,753,507
Restricted	6,390,443	25	8,234,637	14,625,105
Committed	1,300,761	92,887	-	1,393,648
Assigned	-		-	-
Unassigned	10,690,229	(10,616,331)	(111,283)	(37,385)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	21,645,448	(7,033,927)	8,123,354	22,734,875
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 211,212,859	\$ 11,371,492	\$ 18,988,253	\$ 241,572,604

(Continued)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE
TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
JUNE 30, 2011

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (EXHIBIT A) ARE DIFFERENT FROM THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET. THE DETAILS OF THIS DIFFERENCE ARE AS FOLLOWS:

TOTAL FUND BALANCE (EXHIBIT C, PAGE 1).....	\$	22,734,875
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CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND, THEREFORE, ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS:

Beginning capital assets and current additions.....		134,030,620
Depreciation expense.....		(6,255,426)
Disposal of capital assets.....		(95,849)

OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO PAY FOR CURRENT PERIOD EXPENDITURES AND, THEREFORE, ARE DEFERRED IN THE FUNDS:

Property tax, interest and lien accrual, (net).....		1,418,328
Property tax receivable - accrual basis change.....		3,430,887
Bond issue costs.....		2,333,674

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND IS USED BY MANAGEMENT TO CHARGE THE COST OF SELF-INSURANCE TO INDIVIDUAL DEPARTMENTS:

The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.....		(1,738,240)
---	--	-------------

SOME LIABILITIES, INCLUDING BONDS PAYABLE, ARE NOT DUE AND PAYABLE IN THE CURRENT PERIOD AND, THEREFORE, ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS:

Bonds and notes payable.....		(85,198,449)
Leases payable.....		(1,725,000)
Compensated absences.....		(10,654,439)
Deferred salary.....		(207,561)
Net pension obligation.....		(93,597,335)
Net OPEB obligation.....		(5,654,025)
Claims and judgements.....		(100,000)
Accrued interest payable.....		(1,503,639)

NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES.....	\$	<u>(42,781,579)</u>
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(Concluded)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	GENERAL FUND	SCHOOL DEPARTMENT	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:				
General property taxes.....	\$ 178,724,593			\$ 178,724,593
Intergovernmental.....	5,901,887	\$ 32,614,437	\$ 16,375,321	54,891,645
Charges for services.....	10,865,121	1,860,578	1,188,237	13,913,936
Investment income.....	76,081		313,616	389,697
State fiscal stabilization funds.....		814,266		814,266
State on-behalf pension contributions.....		5,716,721		5,716,721
Other.....	1,237,490	1,815,908	466,155	3,519,553
TOTAL REVENUES	196,805,172	42,821,910	18,343,329	257,970,411
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government.....	7,880,540		511,460	8,392,000
Public safety.....	67,611,308		1,514,001	69,125,309
Public works.....	14,445,497			14,445,497
Education.....		132,320,380	11,344,580	143,664,960
Parks and recreation.....	1,827,721		8,571	1,836,292
Public libraries.....	2,890,199		182,342	3,072,541
Senior services.....	2,632,759		122,112	2,754,871
Community development.....			1,560,098	1,560,098
Other.....	119,225			119,225
Debt Service:				
Principal.....	6,440,000			6,440,000
Interest and other costs.....	4,122,835		141,137	4,263,972
Capital Outlay:				
Capital expenditures.....			5,063,077	5,063,077
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	107,970,084	132,320,380	20,447,378	260,737,842
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURE:	88,835,088	(89,498,470)	(2,104,049)	(2,767,431)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Issuance of debt.....			3,700,000	3,700,000
Bond premium.....			91,420	91,420
Carulo action - settlement.....	(1,000,000)	1,000,000		-
Transfers in.....	778,414	89,213,637	40,000	90,032,051
Transfers out.....	(89,213,638)	(1,197,514)	(329,533)	(90,740,685)
NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(89,435,224)	89,016,123	3,501,887	3,082,786
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(600,136)	(482,347)	1,397,838	315,355
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, 2010 (AS RESTATED)	22,245,584	(6,551,580)	6,725,516	22,419,520
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2011	\$ 21,645,448	\$ (7,033,927)	\$ 8,123,354	\$ 22,734,875

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
(EXHIBIT B) ARE DUE TO:

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXHIBIT D)..... \$ 315,355

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital outlay.....	7,337,594
Depreciation expense.....	<u>(6,255,426)</u>

Total..... 1,082,168

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i. e., sales, trade-ins and donations) is to increase net assets. In the Statement of Activities, only the *loss* on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold..... (95,849)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and revenues recognized in the Fund Financial Statements are not recognized in the Statement of Activities:

Decrease in property tax receivable - accrual basis change.....	(738,011)
Decrease in property tax interest and lien revenue.....	<u>(58,786)</u>

Total (796,797)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:	
Bonds and capital lease.....	(5,425,000)
Principal repayments:	
General obligation bonds.....	5,655,000
Capital lease.....	<u>2,534,862</u>

Total 2,764,862

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Compensated absences and deferred salary.....	(485,258)
Net pension obligation.....	(3,160,768)
Net OPEB obligation.....	(1,788,213)
Amortization of bond issuance costs.....	(106,705)
Amortization of bond premium.....	93,393
Claims payable.....	1,115,000
Accrued interest payable.....	<u>125,256</u>
Total	<u>(4,207,295)</u>
The net revenue of the activities of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.....	<u>(2,345,166)</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT B)	<u>\$ (3,282,722)</u>

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2011

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS				GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
	MAJOR FUNDS		NONMAJOR	NONMAJOR	INTERNAL SERVICE FUND	
	SEWER	PUBLIC FACILITIES MANAGEMENT FOUNDATION	SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM	CHARTER SCHOOL PROGRAM		TOTALS
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 8,018,161		\$ 377,406	\$ 49,775	\$ 8,445,342	\$ 790,174
Inventory.....			32,828		32,828	
Prepaid expenses.....					24,384	1,772,912
Receivables:						
Sewer assessments and user fees, net.....	624,110				624,110	
Other.....			1,018	141,623	142,641	14,330
Due from other funds.....	206,600			237,152	443,752	87,947
Capital lease.....		\$ 325,000			325,000	
Intergovernmental.....	4,631,821		146,532		4,778,353	
Bond issuance costs.....	25,122				25,122	
Total Current Assets	13,505,814	325,000	557,784	452,934	14,841,532	2,665,363
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital lease receivable.....		1,400,000			1,400,000	
Bond issuance costs.....		61,587			61,587	
Advance deposits - medical.....					-	812,000
Other assets.....		500			500	
Subtotal Noncurrent Assets	-	1,462,087	-	-	1,462,087	812,000
Capital Assets:						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.....	63,182,408	101,406	41,299		63,325,113	
Total Noncurrent Assets	63,182,408	1,563,493	41,299	-	64,787,200	812,000
TOTAL ASSETS	76,688,222	1,888,493	599,083	452,934	79,628,732	3,477,363
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable.....	2,454,618		230,326	49,654	2,734,598	698,233
Accrued payroll.....	2,264				2,264	2,175
Accrued interest.....	29,118	7,525			36,643	
Due to other funds.....	306,476		938,271		1,244,747	3,355,169
Claims payable.....					-	1,160,026
Unearned revenue.....	2,612,002		1,005		2,613,007	
Bonds, notes payable and compensated absences.....	995,454	325,000			1,320,454	
Total Current Liabilities	6,399,932	332,525	1,169,602	49,654	7,951,713	5,215,603
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Unearned revenue.....	19,200,000				19,200,000	
Net OPEB Obligation.....				60,702	60,702	
Bonds, notes payable and compensated absences.....	6,515,386	1,414,932			7,930,318	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	25,715,386	1,414,932	-	60,702	27,191,020	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	32,115,318	1,747,457	1,169,602	110,356	35,142,733	5,215,603
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt.....	55,646,446	148,061	41,299		55,835,806	
Unrestricted.....	(11,073,542)	(7,025)	(611,818)	342,578	(11,349,807)	(1,738,240)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 44,572,904	\$ 141,036	\$ (570,519)	\$ 342,578	\$ 44,485,999	\$ (1,738,240)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				TOTALS	GOVERNMENTAL
	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					INTERNAL SERVICE
	SEWER	PUBLIC FACILITIES MANAGEMENT FOUNDATION	NONMAJOR SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM	NONMAJOR CHARTER SCHOOL PROGRAM		FUND
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for usage and service.....	\$ 18,159,843	\$ 122,328	\$ 936,596		\$ 19,218,767	\$ 21,010,757
Tuition.....				\$ 2,984,168	2,984,168	-
Miscellaneous.....	716,870	14,583	7,739	4,903	744,095	80,816
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES.....	18,876,713	136,911	944,335	2,989,071	22,947,030	21,091,573
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Operations.....	778,249	38,833	2,224,017	997,011	4,038,110	454,454
Personnel.....	85,846		333,189	1,963,610	2,382,645	82,272
Claims.....					-	299,710
Contract payments.....	14,275,114				14,275,114	
Health care management.....						23,801,010
Depreciation.....	2,360,753	20,275	8,600		2,389,628	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES.....	17,499,962	59,108	2,565,806	2,960,621	23,085,497	24,637,446
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS).....	1,376,751	77,803	(1,621,471)	28,450	(138,467)	(3,545,873)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Interest expense.....	(97,327)	(126,432)			(223,759)	
Investment income.....	342,213		54		342,267	3,193
Amortization.....	(7,554)	(15,397)			(22,951)	
Transfer in.....			8,767		8,767	1,197,514
Transfer out.....		(488,880)			(488,880)	
Grants.....			1,787,715		1,787,715	
NET NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES).....	237,332	(630,709)	1,796,536	-	1,403,159	1,200,707
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS.....	1,614,083	(552,906)	175,065	28,450	1,264,692	(2,345,166)
NET ASSETS - JULY 1, 2010 - AS RESTATED.....	42,958,821	693,942	(745,584)	314,128	43,221,307	606,926
NET ASSETS - JUNE 30, 2011.....	\$ 44,572,904	\$ 141,036	\$ (570,519)	\$ 342,578	\$ 44,485,999	\$ (1,738,240)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS				GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
	SEWER	PUBLIC FACILITIES MANAGEMENT FOUNDATION	NONMAJOR SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM	NONMAJOR CHARTER SCHOOL PROGRAM	TOTALS	INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers.....	\$ 17,843,687	\$ 136,911	\$ 944,327	\$ 2,888,438	\$ 21,813,363	\$ 21,077,243
Cash paid to suppliers.....	(14,275,114)		143,436	(1,251,480)	(15,383,158)	
Cash paid to employees.....	(85,595)		(354,888)	(1,950,644)	(2,391,127)	(82,030)
Cash paid for claims.....					-	(22,205,522)
Cash paid for other operating expenses.....	(939,187)	(48,458)	(2,222,735)		(3,210,380)	(472,241)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES.....	2,543,791	88,453	(1,489,860)	(313,686)	828,698	(1,682,550)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Nonoperating grants received.....			1,757,079		1,757,079	
Change in interfund loans.....	(59,583)		(425,167)	363,352	(121,398)	1,589,323
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES.....	(59,583)	-	1,331,912	363,352	1,635,681	1,589,323
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of capital assets.....	(560,461)	(15,069)	(14,770)		(590,300)	
Transfers out.....		(420,000)			(420,000)	
Collection of capital lease payment.....		365,000			365,000	
Bond issuance costs, net.....	-	(18,388)			(18,388)	
Principal paid on bonds.....	(957,077)	(365,000)			(1,322,077)	
Interest paid on bonds.....	(99,765)	(143,915)			(243,680)	
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES.....	(1,617,303)	(597,372)	(14,770)	-	(2,229,445)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Income from investments.....	342,213		54	-	342,267	3,193
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH.....	1,209,118	(508,919)	(172,664)	49,666	577,201	(90,034)
CASH - JULY 1, 2010 (INCLUDING RESTRICTED CASH).....	6,809,042	508,919	550,070	109	7,868,140	880,208
CASH - JUNE 30, 2011 (INCLUDING RESTRICTED CASH).....	\$ 8,018,160	\$ -	\$ 377,406	\$ 49,775	\$ 8,445,341	\$ 790,174
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss).....	\$ 1,376,751	\$ 77,803	\$ (1,621,471)	\$ 28,450	\$ (138,467)	\$ (3,545,873)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation.....	2,360,753	20,275	8,600		2,389,628	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable.....	16,015,655		(10)	(100,633)	15,915,012	(14,330)
Increase in inventory.....			(1,287)		(1,287)	1,505,030
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables.....	142,926				142,926	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable.....	(160,938)	(9,625)	146,008	(254,469)	(279,024)	678,642
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll.....	251		(21,700)		(21,449)	(328,892)
Increase (decrease) in prepaid assessments.....	(15,271,607)				(15,271,607)	
Decrease in claims payable.....					-	22,873
Decrease in unearned revenue.....	(1,920,000)				(1,920,000)	
Increase in OPEB liabilities.....				12,966	12,966	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES.....	\$ 2,543,791	\$ 88,453	\$ (1,489,860)	\$ (313,686)	\$ 828,698	\$ (1,682,550)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Pension Trust Funds

A fiduciary fund type used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans.

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for postemployment benefits for public safety employees.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds

A fiduciary trust fund type used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in pension trust funds or investment trust funds, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Agency Funds

Agency funds were established to function as clearing mechanisms for cash resources which are collected and disbursed to authorized recipients. The following is a list of Agency Funds included in this section:

Unclaimed Estates in Probate - This fund was established to account for unclaimed estates that are in probate.

Performance Bonds - This Fund accounts for deposits received by the City to ensure certain work is completed by various developers. Once the work has been completed to the satisfaction of the Planning Department, the refunds are returned to the developers.

Student Activity Funds - This fund was established to account for the receipt and disbursement of school student activity programs.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLANDSTATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2011

	PENSION TRUST FUND	OPEB TRUST FUND	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 2,242,562	\$ 37,447	\$ 125,916	\$ 1,110,447
Investments:				
Real Estate Investment Trust.....	503,067			
Equity Mutual Funds.....	37,558,794			
Fixed Income Mutual Funds.....	15,052,495			
Total Investments.....	53,114,356	-	-	-
Accounts receivable.....	1,925	116,900		
TOTAL ASSETS.....	55,358,843	154,347	125,916	1,110,447
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable.....		39,457	3,643	
Deposits held in custody for others.....				1,110,447
TOTAL LIABILITIES.....	-	39,457	3,643	1,110,447
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION AND OPEB BENEFITS AND OTHER PURPOSES.....	\$ 55,358,843	\$ 114,890	\$ 122,273	\$ -

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	PENSION TRUST FUND	OPEB TRUST FUND	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND
ADDITIONS:			
Contributions:			
Employer contributions.....	\$ 19,947,728	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 24,577
Plan member contributions.....	482,790	176,655	
Total contributions.....	20,430,518	3,676,655	24,577
Investment income:			
Interest and dividends.....	1,229,765	681	434
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments.....	9,855,576		
Total investment income.....	11,085,341	681	434
TOTAL ADDITIONS.....	31,515,859	3,677,336	25,011
DEDUCTIONS:			
Benefits.....	21,844,884	3,871,050	17,179
Other.....			10,237
Administrative expenses.....	342,382	11,725	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS.....	22,187,266	3,882,775	27,416
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS.....	9,328,593	(205,439)	(2,405)
NET ASSETS - JULY 1, 2010.....	46,030,250	320,329	124,678
NET ASSETS - JUNE 30, 2011.....	\$ 55,358,843	\$ 114,890	\$ 122,273

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLANDNOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2011**HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION**

The City of Cranston, Rhode Island (the City) was incorporated in 1910 and covers an area of 28 square miles. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government as prescribed by the City's home rule charter, which was adopted in 1962. The Mayor is elected by the voters of the City to a two-year term limited to four consecutive terms. City Council members are elected to two-year terms, limited to five consecutive terms. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), public works (streets and highways), public health and social services, sewers and water, a free public library, and education encompassing grades PreK-12.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**A. Reporting Entity**

The City of Cranston, Rhode Island, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations.

Blended Component Units:

The Public Facilities Management Foundation (the Foundation), a non-profit corporation, was created by the City on November 28, 2000. The Foundation consists of five members who are elected by or work for the City of Cranston. These members include the President of the Cranston City Council, the City Solicitor, the Director of Public Works, the Director of Finance and the Director of Administration. The Foundation provides exclusive rights, by a term lease as entered into with the City on November 1, 2000, to the use of land and buildings located in the City to be used as a storage and maintenance facility by the Public Works Department. The Foundation is reported as an enterprise fund.

B. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 the City implemented the following new accounting pronouncements:

- GASB Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Implementation of this Statement required a restatement of fund balance at the beginning of the year due to consolidation of the General Fund and several funds which were previously reported as non-major governmental funds.
- GASB Statement No. 59 – Financial Instruments Omnibus. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on the City's fiscal 2011 financial statements.

(CONTINUED)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The following are recently issued governmental accounting standards which will be applicable in future years:

- GASB Statement No. 60 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.
- GASB Statement No. 61 – The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.
- GASB Statement No. 62 – Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.
- GASB Statement No. 63 – Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.
- GASB Statement No. 64 – Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 53, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012.

The impact of these pronouncements on the City's financial statements has not been determined.

(CONTINUED)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus but are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

(CONTINUED)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, expenditure reimbursement type grants, certain intergovernmental revenues, transfers, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *School Department Fund* accounts for the financial transactions of the City's School Department which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Sewer Department Fund* accounts for the activities of the City's sewer operations.

The *Public Facilities Management Foundation*, a blended component unit of the City, accounts for the activities that support and facilitate multiple divisions of the Public Works Department.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The *Capital Project Funds* account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The *Internal Service Fund*, a proprietary type fund, is used to account for claims made against the City.

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the Cranston Employees' Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* accumulates resources for future retiree health benefits and retiree life insurance benefits for eligible teachers and police and fire retirees.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Funds* are used to account for employee contributions held in trust for qualified medical related plan expenditures. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may not be used to support the City's activities. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

The *Agency Funds* account for monies held on behalf of students and amounts held for performance bonds.

(CONTINUED)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City also has the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's sewer operations and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer department enterprise fund and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The sewer department also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Deposits - The City's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments - In general, State of Rhode Island Statutes allow the City to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool, or no-load, open-end management type investment company or investment trust (as defined), in obligations of any state or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Rhode Island or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service. Investment income is recorded in the fund in which it is earned.

(CONTINUED)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The City's pension funds are invested in accordance with the plans investment policy, the City has agreements with the investment advisors, who manage the investment portfolios and have full authority for the investment and reinvestment of pension fund assets.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables and Payables

a. Interfunds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

b. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, all trade, property tax, and sewer use amounts are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowance percentages range from 5 to 100% of outstanding receivable balances at June 30, 2011, and are calculated upon prior collection history.

In the fund financial statements, all property taxes receivable at June 30, which have not been collected within sixty days of June 30, have been recorded as deferred revenue, since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current year. Taxes collected during the sixty day period have been recorded as revenue.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of December 31. Taxes are billed on or about June 1 (for the subsequent fiscal year) based on the assessed value for all real property, tangible property, and motor vehicles located in the City. Taxes are due in four installments in July, October, January and April. Rhode Island general laws restrict the City's ability to increase either its total tax levy or its tax rates by more than 5.5% over those of the preceding year. Recently the State of Rhode Island passed a law, which went into effect for fiscal year 2008, which would decrease this cap by .25% each year until it has been lowered to a maximum of 4% of the prior year's tax levy by fiscal year 2013. Overdue taxes are assessed penalties and will be collected through the sale of tax titles if required.

(CONTINUED)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of valuation.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are accounted for using the consumption method.

4. Restricted Assets

The restricted assets for the City are restricted for debt reserve requirements, building improvements and minor maintenance costs associated with the Public Facilities Management Foundation.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 in the City and \$5,000 in the School Department for equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	20-50
Leasehold improvements	20
Infrastructure	5-65
Sewer plant	50
Sewer lines and pumping stations	50-100
Vehicles	5
Machinery and equipment	3-20

(CONTINUED)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

6. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various contracts and policies, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave based on length of service. The City's policy is to recognize the cost of vacation and sick leave in governmental funds when paid and on the accrual basis in proprietary funds. The amount of earned but unpaid vacation and sick leave relating to governmental fund employees is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity and Net Assets

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- (a) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable by the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- (b) Restricted net assets – consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws, or regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) Unrestricted net assets – all other net assets that do not meet the definition of “restricted” or “invested in capital assets, net of related debt.”

(CONTINUED)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

8. Fund Equity and Net Assets

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. With the implementation of GASB Statement #54 (effective fiscal 2011), fund balance is classified into one of the following five categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. These categories are defined below.

- (a) **Nonspendable Fund Balance** - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.
- (b) **Restricted Fund Balance** – includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed in the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) **Committed Fund Balance** – includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The highest level of decision-making authority for the City of Cranston is the City Council that assembles annually to vote on the City's budget and resolutions proposed by the various committees.
- (d) **Assigned Fund Balance** – includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- (e) **Unassigned Fund Balance** – is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

Stabilization Arrangements

- (a) **Budget Stabilization Fund** – this fund shall be created, into which the City shall transfer such funds as are available to provide for capital expenditures and other one-time expenditures. Any such transfer shall not create an operating deficit in the general fund. Any expenditure from or transfer to this fund must first be approved by the City Council.
- (b) **Healthcare Budget Stabilization Fund** – this fund shall be created, into which the excess of departmental health care expenses over actual health care claims and related expenses shall be transferred. Any such transfer shall not create an operating deficit in the general fund. In the event that health care claims and related expenses exceed the budgeted appropriation, then funds may be transferred from the health care budget stabilization fund to cover the deficit. Any expenditure or transfer from this fund must first be approved by the City Council.

(CONTINUED)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

9. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

It is the responsibility of the Mayor, with the cooperation of the Director of Finance, to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the City Council not later than the first day of April of each year. The City Council acts on the budget not later than the 15th day of May. Public hearings are conducted on the recommended budget and the final recommended budget is legally enacted through an ordinance at the Financial City Council Meeting. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, with the exception of capital project funds.

The level of budgetary control for the General Fund (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is fixed by resolution as part of the annual budget adoption process at the Financial City Council Meeting. Although the resolution prohibits spending in excess of the authorized budget, it does allow management the right to create interdepartmental transfers at any time during the fiscal year. Intradepartmental transfers and supplemental appropriations are restricted to the fourth quarter and must be approved by the City Council in the form of an ordinance. Intradepartmental transfers reallocate surplus funds from one department to another. Supplemental appropriations increase both revenue appropriation and expenditure appropriation by an equal amount. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, intradepartmental transfers and supplemental appropriations netted an increase to the original adopted budget of \$0.

The budget for the Schools Unrestricted Fund is prepared annually and approved by the School Committee. The amount of the annual transfer from the General Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget. This appropriation does not lapse at year end. The City also adopts budgets for two of the non-major special revenue funds.

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in the City's budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. The budgetary reports are located in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) immediately following these notes. Generally, aside from the Capital Projects Fund, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Appropriations for capital projects are reissued in the amount available at the end of the fiscal year.

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

B. Budget - GAAP Reconciliation

A reconciliation of revenues, expenditures, and fund balance between the accounting treatment required by GAAP (Exhibit D), and budgetary requirements (RSI), is as follows:

	GENERAL FUND			SCHOOL DEPARTMENT FUND		
	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE
BALANCE, BUDGETARY BASIS						
JUNE 30, 2011.....	\$ 230,649,846	\$ 230,628,596	\$ 19,961,117	\$ 36,385,977	\$ 125,837,736	\$ (6,987,216)
Revenues/Expenditures accounted for on the budgetary basis associated with Education funds	(34,707,845)	(123,921,482)				
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2010 liquidated during the year June 30, 2011					94,854	(94,854)
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2011 Charged to budgetary expenditures					(92,911)	92,911
Reclassifications principal payments for proceeds from sales	758,369	758,369				
Transfer in from Public Facilities Management Foundation-forgiveness of debt		488,880				
Carryover				(27,365)		(27,365)
Transfer to hospitalization fund			296,195			
GASB54 Implementation	6,662					
Revenue/Expenditure pass-thru	98,140	15,721	82,419	746,577	763,980	(17,403)
Restatement of fund balance for GASB54			1,305,717			
State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf payment				5,716,721	5,716,721	
BALANCE, GAAP BASIS, JUNE 30, 2011 EXHIBIT D	\$ 196,805,172	\$ 107,970,084	\$ 21,645,448	\$ 42,821,910	\$ 132,320,380	\$ (7,033,927)

C. Capital Projects Authorizations

The following is a summary of projects recorded in the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2011:

PROJECT NAME	PROJECT AUTHORIZATION	CURRENT YEAR EXPENDITURES	CUMULATIVE EXPENDITURE	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2011	Cumulative Exp - PY
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:					
School bond fund	\$ 23,073,772	\$ 643,753	\$ 22,733,511	\$ 340,261	2,251,088
Police and fire bond fund	7,942,166	345,596	7,531,343	410,823	8,286
Public building bond fund	1,500,000	590,133	1,312,071	187,929	5,171
Recreation bond fund	4,863,932	337,056	4,757,016	106,916	612,600
Highway bond fund	7,999,674	(1,520,910)	3,570,337	4,429,337	1,034,740
Storm drains bond fund	496,893	-	496,800	93	-
Neighborhood infrastructure fund	1,531,223	39,248	1,444,757	86,466	44,836
Open space bond fund	1,996,090	1,048,216	1,996,090	-	769,728
ENTERPRISE FUNDS:					
Sewer system project	4,000,000	560,461	1,581,895	2,418,105	153,377

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

D. Deficit Fund Balance

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the City had a deficit fund balance in the following funds:

Major Governmental Funds

School Department Unrestricted Fund	\$ 7,033,927
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Non-Major Governmental Funds

Community Development Block Grant	\$ 28,027
Connetta Park	27,710
Emergency Management	6,104
WIA Job Development Fund	34,529
Special Fire Duty	14,913

Enterprise Funds

School Lunch Fund	\$ 570,519
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Internal Service Funds

School Department Claims Fund	\$ 2,242,739
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The major governmental fund deficit will be eliminated through the approved deficit reduction plan that the School Department has submitted to the Auditor General. The non – major fund deficits will be eliminated through future intergovernmental grant receipts, repayment of program loans or inter-fund contributions.

III. DETAILED NOTES

A. Cash and Investments

1. Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires that deposits be placed in financial institutions that are FDIC insured up to \$250,000 and rated "well capitalized" on the institution's most recent audited financial statements/SEC filings, if deposits exceed \$250,000. As of June 30, 2011, the City's bank balance of \$36,516,062 was insured and collateralized as follows:

Insured	\$ 5,679,325
Uninsured	18,554,057

Collateralized:

Collateral held by pledging banks' trust department, not in the City's name	12,282,680
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Total amount subject to custodial risk	<u><u>\$ 36,516,062</u></u>
--	-----------------------------

2. Certain investments are covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to \$500,000, including \$100,000 of cash from sale or for purchase of investments, but not cash held solely for the purpose of earning interest. SIPC protects securities such as notes, stocks, bonds, debentures, certificates of deposit and money funds.

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

At June 30, 2011, the City's investments (including restricted investments) consisted of the following:

TYPE OF INVESTMENT	FAIR VALUE	INVESTMENT MATURITIES (IN YEARS)		
		N/A	LESS THAN 1	1-5 YEARS
Equity Mutual Funds.....	\$ 37,558,794	\$ 37,558,794	\$ -	\$ -
Fixed Income Mutual Funds.....	15,052,495	15,052,495		
Real Estate Investment Trusts.....	503,067	503,067		
Certificates of Deposit.....	11,606		11,606	
TOTAL.....	\$ 53,125,962	\$ 53,114,356	\$ 11,606	\$ -

Interest rate risk - The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. As noted above, approximately 99% of the City's investments are in mutual funds. The remaining 1% of the investments are held in real estate investment trusts and certificates of deposit. These investments do not specify an interest rate rather the rate of return is dependent on operating results and economic conditions. These investments are not rated by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2011.

At June 30, 2011 the City's investments totaled \$53,125,962 (including those held in Fiduciary Funds) and these investment options represent 5% or more of the total investment balance:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
IShares Trust Barclays 1-3 Year Credit Bond Fund	6.36%	3,379,390
Vanguard Total Bond Market ETF	6.8%	3,611,620

Credit risk - The City has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State Statues governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Rhode Island or political subdivision.

Custodial credit risk - The City does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not believe that it has a significant custodial credit risk as all the investments are registered and held in the name of the City.

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the City's government-wide financial statements by type, including the applicable allowances for uncollectibles, are as follows:

	<u>PROPERTY TAXES</u>		
	<u>TAXES</u>	<u>INTEREST & LIENS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Current Portion	\$ 183,392,246	\$3,004,540	\$186,396,786
Less Allowance for Uncollectibles	<u>(2,503,783)</u>	<u>(1,586,212)</u>	<u>(4,089,995)</u>
Total Receivable	<u>\$ 180,888,463</u>	<u>\$ 1,418,328</u>	<u>\$182,306,791</u>

	<u>CONNETTA PARK LOAN</u>	<u>ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LOANS</u>	<u>CDBG LOANS</u>	<u>UDAG LOANS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Gross Receivable	<u>\$ 33,828</u>	<u>\$1,061,503</u>	<u>\$1,668,976</u>	<u>\$ 120,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,884,307</u>

	<u>SEWER USE CHARGES</u>		
	<u>USE CHARGES</u>	<u>INTEREST & LIENS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Current Portion	\$ 583,219	\$ 92,971	\$ 676,190
Less Allowance for Uncollectibles	<u>(41,760)</u>	<u>(10,320)</u>	<u>(52,080)</u>
Total Receivable	<u>\$ 541,459</u>	<u>\$ 82,651</u>	<u>\$ 624,110</u>

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

DEFERRED REVENUE:

Property taxes receivable (general fund) \$176,816,152

UNEARNED REVENUE:

Advance tax collections 5,300,766
 Unearned developer security deposits 58,065
 Grant draw-downs prior to meeting all eligibility requirements..... 3,297,075

TOTAL UNEARNED REVENUE FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$185,472,058

Sewer \$ 21,813,007

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2010	INCREASES	DECREASES	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2011
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
<u>Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:</u>				
Land.....	\$ 11,809,863	\$ 1,039,225	\$ -	\$ 12,849,088
Construction in progress	2,115,920	2,496,486	(2,721,813)	1,890,593
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated.....	13,925,783	3,535,711	(2,721,813)	14,739,681
<u>Capital Assets, being Depreciated:</u>				
Land improvements.....	14,862,788	904,128		15,766,916
Buildings	85,857,296	3,721,527		89,578,823
Machinery and equipment	4,226,541	375,837	(17,234)	4,585,054
Office furniture and equipment.....	6,158,136	131,426	(5,595)	6,283,967
Vehicles	16,169,792	1,390,777	(1,785,732)	15,774,837
Infrastructure	82,861,374	-		82,861,374
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated.....	210,135,927	6,523,695	(1,808,651)	214,850,971
Total Capital Assets	224,061,710	10,059,406	(4,530,464)	229,590,652
<u>Less Accumulated Depreciation for:</u>				
Land improvements.....	7,920,788	698,749		8,619,537
Buildings	35,952,469	1,865,904		37,818,373
Machinery and equipment	2,769,214	429,691	(12,525)	3,186,380
Office furniture and equipment.....	5,645,084	234,229	(1,119)	5,878,194
Vehicles	13,375,639	1,935,982	(1,699,158)	13,612,463
Infrastructure	31,705,490	1,090,870		32,796,360
Total Accumulated Depreciation	97,368,684	6,255,425	(1,712,802)	101,911,307
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, net.....	112,767,243	268,270	(95,849)	112,939,664
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 126,693,026	\$ 3,803,981	\$ (2,817,662)	\$ 127,679,345

(CONTINUED)

III. **DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)**

C. **Capital Assets (Continued)**

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2010	INCREASES	DECREASES	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2011
Business-Type Activities:				
<u>Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:</u>				
Land	\$ 342,712	\$	\$	\$ 342,712
Construction in progress	149,467	379,606	-	529,073
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated.....	492,179	379,606	-	871,785
<u>Capital Assets, being Depreciated:</u>				
Land improvements.....	266,795			266,795
Leasehold improvements.....	162,203	15,070		177,273
Collection systems.....	49,209,255	180,856		49,390,111
Treatment and pumping plant.....	81,023,184			81,023,184
Machinery and equipment	496,186	23,537		519,723
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated.....	131,157,623	219,463		131,377,086
Total Capital Assets	131,649,802	599,069	-	132,248,871
<u>Less Accumulated Depreciation for:</u>				
Land improvements.....	214,697	10,517		225,214
Leasehold improvements.....	58,230	17,727		75,957
Collection systems.....	28,657,961	655,312		29,313,273
Treatment and pumping plant.....	37,182,549	1,690,108		38,872,657
Machinery and equipment	420,693	15,963		436,656
Total Accumulated Depreciation.....	66,534,130	2,389,627		68,923,757
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, net.....	64,623,493	(2,170,164)		62,453,329
Business-Type Capital Assets, net.....	\$ 65,115,672	(\$ 1,790,558)	\$ -	\$ 63,325,114

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government.....	\$ 3,659,656
Public safety.....	1,823,897
Public works	427,780
Education	254,172
Parks and recreation.....	66,813
Public libraries	13,083
Senior services	10,024
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities.....	\$ 6,255,425

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Business-Type Activities:

Sewer.....	\$ 2,360,752
Public facilities management foundation.....	20,275
School lunch	8,600
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-Type Activities.....	\$ 2,389,627

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2011. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

<u>Project</u>	<u>Commitment</u>
Governmental Activities:	
Public Works	\$ 601,028
Total	<u>\$ 601,028</u>

D. Interfund Accounts

1. Interfund Payables and Receivables

A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	<u>CORRESPONDING FUND</u>	<u>DUE FROM</u>	<u>DUE TO</u>
MAJOR FUNDS:			
GENERAL FUND:			
School Unrestricted Fund.....	N/A	\$ 7,710,326	\$
Emergency Management Fund.....	N/A	18,693	
Community Development Fund.....	N/A	20,033	
Special Duty Fire Fund.....	N/A	21,735	
Special Duty Police Fund.....	N/A	156,494	
WIA Job Development Fund	N/A	53,663	
Library Fund.....	N/A	85,588	
Section 108 Connetta Park.....	N/A	568	
Internal Service Fund.....	N/A		87,947
Fire Grants and Donations.....	N/A		285,609
Sewer Fund.....	N/A	<u>306,476</u>	<u>206,600</u>
TOTAL GENERAL FUND.....		\$ 8,373,576	\$ 580,156

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Accounts

1. Interfund Payables and Receivables

A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	CORRESPONDING FUND	DUE FROM	DUE TO
SCHOOL SPECIAL REVENUE			
UNRESTRICTED:			
General Fund	N/A	\$	\$ 7,710,326
School Lunch Fund	N/A	938,271	
School Restricted Fund	N/A	3,741,427	
Health Insurance Fund	N/A	3,355,169	
Charter School Fund	N/A	-	237,152
<hr/>			
TOTAL SCHOOL SPECIAL REVENUE UNRESTRICTED		8,034,867	7,947,478
<hr/>			
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:			
Sewer Fund	General Fund	206,600	306,476
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	87,947	-
<hr/>			
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS		294,547	306,476
<hr/>			
NONMAJOR FUNDS:			
Restricted School Funds	School Unrestricted Fund		3,741,427
Emergency Management Fund	General Fund		18,693
Community Development Block Grant Fund	General Fund		20,033
Police State Seizure	General Fund	44,000	
Police Federal Forfeiture	General Fund		44,000
Section 108 Connetta Park	General Fund		568
Fire Grants and Donations	General Fund	285,609	
Public Libraries	General Fund		85,588
School Bond Fund	General Fund		
Special Duty Fire Fund	General Fund		21,735
Special Duty Police Fund	General Fund		156,494
WIA Job Development Fund	General Fund		53,663
<hr/>			
TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS		329,609	4,142,201
<hr/>			
SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS:			
Charter School Fund	School Unrestricted Fund	237,152	
Health Insurance Fund	School Unrestricted Fund		3,355,169
School Lunch Fund	School Unrestricted Fund		938,271
<hr/>			
TOTAL SCHOOL ENTERPRISE FUNDS		237,152	4,293,440
<hr/>			
GRAND TOTAL		\$17,269,751	\$ 17,269,751

All interfund balances result from time lag between the dates payments occur between funds for short-term internal financing.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Accounts (Continued)

2. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	CORRESPONDING FUND	TRANSFERS IN	TRANSFERS OUT
GENERAL FUND:			
School Unrestricted Fund	N/A	\$	\$ 89,213,637
Public Facilities Management Foundation	Proprietary Fund	488,880	
Public Libraries	Nonmajor Fund	203,946	
TOTAL GENERAL FUND		<u>692,826</u>	<u>89,213,637</u>
SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED:			
General Fund	N/A	<u>89,213,637</u>	<u>1,197,514</u>
NONMAJOR FUNDS:			
Public Libraries	Nonmajor Fund		85,588
Public Libraries	General Fund		203,946
Library Reserve	Nonmajor Fund	85,588	
Impact Fees	Nonmajor Fund		40,000
Highway Bond Fund	Nonmajor Fund	<u>40,000</u>	
TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS		<u>125,588</u>	<u>329,534</u>
PROPRIETARY FUNDS:			
Public Facilities Management Foundation	General Fund		<u>488,880</u>
SCHOOL PROPRIETARY FUNDS:			
Health Insurance Fund	School Unrestricted Fund	<u>1,197,514</u>	
GRAND TOTAL		<u>\$ 91,229,565</u>	<u>\$ 91,229,565</u>

Transfers are used to account for the financing by the general fund of various programs and activities in other funds, and administration of other funds by the general fund.

ADVANCE FROM:	CORRESPONDING FUND	AMOUNT
General Fund	School Special Revenue Fund	\$ 6,295,561

The City's General Fund advanced the School Special revenue Unrestricted Fund, \$6,295,561 during the year to finance the over expenditure of the School Special Revenue Unrestricted Fund budget. The School Special Revenue Unrestricted Fund has a plan in place to repay the advance over the next four years.

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

E. Short-Term Obligations – Bond Anticipation Notes

The City uses bond anticipation notes during the construction period of various public projects prior to the issuance of the bonds at the completion of the project.

There was a general obligation bond anticipation note dated July 8, 2010 for the amount of \$2,000,000. This short-term obligation is due on July 7, 2011.

F. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

1. Summary of Changes

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations during the fiscal year:

Governmental Activities:

DESCRIPTION	ORIGINAL AMOUNT	DATE OF ISSUE	DATE OF MATURITY	INTEREST RATE	BALANCE JULY 1, 2010	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2011	CURRENT PORTION
GENERAL OBLIGATION:									
Public improvement	\$ 17,540,000	06/15/98	07/15/18	4.4-6.0%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public improvement	16,115,000	11/15/99	11/15/19	4.5-5.45%	-	-	-	-	-
Refunding	13,320,000	12/01/00	07/01/15	4.5-5.5%	4,795,000	-	945,000	3,850,000	945,000
Public improvement	27,050,000	02/15/04	02/15/24	2.0-5.0%	18,920,000	-	1,355,000	17,565,000	1,355,000
Advance refunding	22,280,000	05/13/05	07/15/19	3.0-5.0%	21,030,000	-	1,800,000	19,230,000	1,890,000
Public improvements	23,900,000	06/14/06	04/01/26	4.0-5.0%	20,390,000	-	905,000	19,485,000	945,000
Public improvements	13,075,000	06/18/08	07/01/28	4.0-5.0%	12,675,000	-	420,000	12,255,000	440,000
School borrowing..	7,000,000	08/07/08	04/01/29	3.75-6.0%	6,775,000	-	230,000	6,545,000	240,000
Public improvements	3,000,000	07/08/10	07/01/22	2.0-4.3%	-	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	150,000
School borrowing	700,000	01/15/11	05/15/31	2.0-4.3%	-	700,000	-	700,000	70,000
Total General Obligation Bonds					84,585,000	3,700,000	5,655,000	82,630,000	6,035,000
Bond Premiums					2,661,842	78,580	171,973	2,568,449	175,902
TOTAL BONDS AND RELATED LIABILITIES					87,246,842	3,778,580	5,826,973	85,198,449	6,210,902
LEASES PAYABLE:									
Public Facilities Management									
Foundation Lease..	5,130,000	11/01/00	11/01/15	4.75 – 5.25%	2,510,000	-	2,510,000	-	-
Public Facilities Management									
Foundation Lease	1,725,000	12/14/10	11/01/15	2 – 3%	-	1,725,000	-	1,725,000	325,000
Musical Instruments	114,811	10/16/06	12/01/10	7.81%	24,862	-	24,862	-	-
Total Leases Payable.....					2,534,862	1,725,000	2,534,862	1,725,000	325,000
TOTAL BONDS AND NOTES AND RELATED LIABILITIES					89,781,704	5,503,580	8,361,835	86,923,449	6,535,902
COMPENSATED ABSENCES.....					10,136,963	3,074,493	2,557,017	10,654,439	1,065,044
DEFERRED SALARY					239,779		32,218	207,561	20,756
NET PENSION OBLIGATION					90,436,567	3,160,768		93,597,335	N/A
NET OPEB OBLIGATION.....					3,865,812	1,788,213		5,654,025	N/A
CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS.....					1,215,000		1,115,000	100,000	100,000
TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS.....					\$ 195,675,825	\$ 13,527,054	\$ 12,066,070	\$ 197,136,809	\$ 7,722,102

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

F. Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

1. Summary of Changes (Continued)

All long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Capital assets obtained from capital leases totaled \$7,008,757.

Business-Type Activities:

DESCRIPTION	ORIGINAL AMOUNT	DATE OF ISSUE	DATE OF MATURITY	INTEREST RATE	BALANCE JULY 1, 2010	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2011	CURRENT PORTION
ENTERPRISE FUNDS									
SEWER:									
RI Clean Water	\$ 3,242,000	09/01/93	09/01/15	3.0%	\$ 972,600	\$	\$ 162,100	\$ 810,500	\$ 162,100
RI Clean Water	700,000	08/25/99	09/01/15	3.0%	315,317		48,977	266,340	50,354
RI Clean Water	2,000,000	11/13/03	09/01/24	0.0%	1,500,000		100,000	1,400,000	100,000
RI Clean Water	3,400,000	12/30/04	09/01/11	0.0%	970,000		486,000	484,000	484,000
RI Clean Water	900,000	09/01/05	09/01/25	3.0%	860,000		10,000	850,000	10,000
RI Clean Water	3,000,000	09/01/07	09/01/28	3.0%	2,850,000		150,000	2,700,000	150,000
RI Clean Water	1,000,000	09/01/10	09/01/30	0.52% - 3.19%	1,000,000			1,000,000	39,000
TOTAL SEWER.....					8,467,917	-	957,077	7,510,840	995,454
PUBLIC FACILITIES MANAGEMENT									
FOUNDATION:									
Certificates of participation.....	5,130,000	11/01/00	11/01/15	4.75-5.25%	2,510,000		2,510,000	-	-
Certificates of Participation	1,725,000	12/14/10	11/01/15	2 - 3%-	-	1,725,000	-	1,725,000	325,000
Certification of participation unamortized discount.....					(12,364)		(12,364)	-	-
Certification of participation premium.....						18,665	3,733	14,932	-
TOTAL BONDS AND RELATED LIABILITIES.....					10,965,553	1,743,665	3,458,446	9,250,772	1,320,454
NET OPEB OBLIGATION.....					47,736	12,966		60,702	-
COMPENSATED ABSENCES.....					21,700		21,700	-	-
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS.....					\$ 11,034,989	\$ 1,756,631	\$ 3,480,146	\$ 9,311,474	\$ 1,320,454

The following is a summary of annual debt service requirements to maturity for the retirement of general obligation debt, leases and certificates of participation:

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30,	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			
	GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT		LEASES PAYABLE		CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION		CLEAN WATER BONDS	
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST
2012	\$ 6,035,000	\$ 3,801,657	\$ 325,000	\$ 41,900	\$ 325,000	\$ 41,900	\$ 995,454	\$ 135,914
2013	6,195,000	3,529,524	335,000	35,300	335,000	35,300	562,871	124,270
2014	6,360,000	3,255,002	345,000	26,775	345,000	26,775	565,327	112,993
2015	6,530,000	2,953,634	355,000	16,275	355,000	16,275	567,824	101,494
2016-2020	29,640,000	10,415,669	365,000	5,475	365,000	5,475	1,985,364	379,035
2021-2025	19,565,000	4,535,578					1,803,000	221,262
2026-2030	8,155,000	811,597					962,000	67,631
2031	150,000	3,225					69,000	1,273
TOTALS	\$ 82,630,000	\$ 29,305,886	\$ 1,725,000	\$ 125,725	\$ 1,725,000	\$ 125,725	\$ 7,510,840	\$ 1,143,872

(CONTINUED)

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

F. Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

2. Lease Commitment

The City is obligated under various operating leases to make the following aggregate annual lease payments. Lease expenditures approximated \$1,358,000 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Year Ended June 30

2012	\$	1,361,061
2013		1,068,456
2014		1,068,456
2015		1,068,456
2016		1,065,000
2017 - 2021		4,260,000
2022 - 2026		5,325,000
2027 - 2030		4,260,000
Totals	\$	19,476,429

3. Statutory Debt Limitations

Debt Limit

Except as explained below, under Rhode Island law the City may not, without special statutory authorization, incur any debt which would increase its aggregate indebtedness not otherwise excepted by law to an amount greater than 3% of the taxable property of the City. Deducted from the computation of aggregate indebtedness is the amount of any borrowing in anticipation of taxes authorized by law and the amount of any sinking funds maintained by the City. There is currently no outstanding debt of the City subject to the 3% debt limit. The current 3% debt limit of the City is \$234 million based on taxable property as of December 31, 2009, of approximately \$7.8 billion.

The State of Rhode Island General Assembly ("General Assembly") may by special act permit the City to incur indebtedness outside the 3% debt limit. Bonds issued either within the 3% debt limit or by special legislation adopted by the General Assembly authorizing the City to incur debt are subject to referendum by the electors of the City. On June 30, 2011, the City had \$82,630,000 of debt outstanding, none of which is subject to the 3% debt limit.

In addition to debt authorized within the 3% debt limit and debt authorized by special act of the General Assembly, Rhode Island General Laws Section 45-12-11 authorizes the State Director of Administration, upon petition by a municipality, to authorize such municipality to incur indebtedness in excess of the 3% debt limit whenever the Director shall determine that the sums appropriated by the municipality or its funds available are insufficient to pay the necessary expenses of the municipality. The City has not requested the State Director of Administration to authorize indebtedness of the City under Section 45-12-11.

4. Prior Year Debt Refundings

In prior years, the City has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the City's government-wide financial statements.

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

F. Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

5. Authorized/Unissued Bonds

The amount of authorized, unissued bonds is as follows:

General purposes	\$ 45,190,022
Schools	<u>11,701,228</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 56,891,250</u>

6. Deferred Salary

Deferred salary represents an agreement Cranston Public Schools made with the teachers union in 1992. Under the agreement any teacher who was employed by the school system prior to and inclusive of the 1991-1992 school year is eligible, upon departure from the Cranston Public School system, for a stipend. The amount of the stipend is based on the salary step held by the teacher during the 1991-1992 school year. The deferral, not to exceed \$1,500 per teacher will be paid in a lump sum upon each teacher's separation from service. In the event a teacher dies while in the employ of the Cranston Public Schools the benefit will be paid to the teacher's estate. As of June 30, 2011, there were 171 teachers eligible for the benefit, with an outstanding balance of \$207,561.

G. Fund Balance

As stated in Note 1, Fund Balance may be classified as one of five categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned. Committed Fund Balance represents that amount of fund balance which can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's Council is considered to be the highest level of decision-making authority. In accordance with the City Charter, the Council votes on the annual budget and on any resolutions proposed by the Committees. The passage of the Council's annual budget and proposed resolutions may result in the commitment of fund balance.

At June 30, 2011 Committed Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Capital and One-Time Expenditures	\$ 41,901
Excess Healthcare Funds	1,258,860
School Department Encumbrances	<u>92,887</u>
Total Committed Fund Balance	<u>\$ 1,393,648</u>

At June 30, 2011 Restricted Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Deficit Reduction Plan	\$ 6,295,561
To Fund Future Library Expenses	94,882
Restricted for Education	25
To Fund School Capital Projects	340,261
To Fund Police and Fire Capital Projects	565,417
To Fund Public Building Capital Projects	255,729
To Fund Parks and Recreation Capital Projects	106,916
To Fund Highway Capital Projects	2,389,505
To Fund Storm Drains Capital Projects	93
To Fund Neighborhood Infrastructure Capital Projects	86,467
To Fund Future Community Development Expenditures	1,310,467
To Fund Future Public Service Expenditures	857,905
To Fund Future Senior Services Expenditures	295,618
To Fund Future Parks and Recreation Expenditures	1,725
To Fund Future Capital Facilities Impact Expenditures	1,397,776
To Fund Future Cemetery Trust Expenditures	9,496
To Fund Future Historical Record Expenditures	<u>617,262</u>
Total Restricted Fund Balance	<u>\$ 14,625,105</u>

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

III. DETAILED NOTES (CONTINUED)

G. Fund Balance (Continued)

At June 30, 2011 Nonspendable Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Long-Term Receivable From School Department	\$ 2,935,215
Advance Deposits-Hospitalization	328,800
School Department Prepays	134,323
Long-Term Receivable From Health Insurance Fund	3,355,169
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	<u>\$ 6,753,507</u>

The City of Cranston does not currently have a spending policy regarding the order in which restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are spent when more than one amount is available for the expenditures incurred. Accordingly, by default, the City is following the policy prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54 which specifies that fund balance is reduced first by committed, then by assigned, then by unassigned when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any unrestricted fund balance could be used. In all situations, the City considers restricted fund balance to be used first when available and when expenditures are incurred that meet the requirements of the restricted fund balance.

The City of Cranston's general fund has a balance of \$14,005,887 due from the School Department based on funding that has been provided to the School Department over the past several years in excess of the budgeted amount. This balance is classified in three separate categories for the GASB 54 reporting. The balance of \$6,295,561 that is covered by the approved Deficit Reduction Plan passed by the State of Rhode Island has been reported as a restricted fund balance. The balance of \$2,935,215 has been reported as nonspendable fund balance based on the City not being able to show payment being applied to this balance after year end. The balance of \$4,775,111 has been paid down subsequent to year end and has been reported as unassigned fund balance. This balance is created based on the timing of when school department bills are due versus when payments are received from the school department's funding agencies. In addition all deficits created by the school department that are financed by the City are recorded in this account during the year.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to public official liability, police liability, Board of Education legal liability, theft or impairment of assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees and natural disasters. The City is self-insured in most areas of risk, subject to certain third party "stop loss" coinsurance. Self-insured risks include general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, unemployment and employee health and life insurance claims. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there have not been any significant reductions in insurance coverage from amounts held in prior years.

The City's health insurance program provides coverage to the City's employees and retirees through Healthmate and Blue Cross - Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BC/BS), United Healthcare and Delta Dental of Rhode Island. The City's program is a self-insured program with BC/BS, United Healthcare and Delta Dental acting as third-party agents for the City in the payment of the various claim plans used by the City.

The City of Cranston contributes to a separate account an amount per covered employee which would otherwise have been paid to an insurance carrier. These amounts are determined by an independent third party consultant hired by the City of Cranston who works with the provider to examine past experience and determine an adequate amount for each type of plan offered by the City. Factors considered by the plan administrator include the amount of claims paid during the previous year, claims administration costs and projected insurance industry inflation rates. The City of Cranston, including Cranston Public Schools, incurred approximately \$29 million for fiscal year 2010 under this plan.

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Risk Management (Continued)

The claims liabilities reported in the general and school department funds are related to the self-insurance program and are based upon the provisions of GASB Statements No. 10 and 30, which require that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) be recorded. The amount of claim accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claim, which include past experience data, inflation, and other future economic and societal factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claim accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

In order to avoid catastrophic losses, the City "reinsures" the program by purchasing insurance known as "stop-loss insurance" from BCS Insurance Co. and United Healthcare Services. Two types of "stop-loss insurance" are purchased: 1) individual stop-loss; and 2) aggregate stop-loss, with both provided through the Plan Administrator. Under the individual stop-loss insurance, the City pays the first \$200,000/\$225,000 of claims for individual employees or dependents. Any charges accrued by an individual in excess of \$200,000/\$225,000 in a fiscal year are thereafter reimbursed by BCS Insurance Co. and United Healthcare Services. The aggregate stop-loss is designed to protect the City for multiple large claims which may not reach the individual stop-loss attachment point (\$200,000/\$225,000). The aggregate stop-loss limit is \$2,000,000/\$2,200,000 per claim.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City established the Cranston Claims Committee (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

The City records liabilities for self-insured claims reported if it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The City has established a liability based on historical trends of previous years, where available, and attorney's estimates of pending matters and lawsuits in which the City is involved.

Changes in the self-insurance liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 are as follows:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
July 1	\$ 1,827,590	\$ 1,616,387
Add: incurred claims	31,114,289	28,895,969
Less: payments of claims attributable to events of both the current and prior fiscal years:		
Health and life	31,314,555	26,584,989
Other claims	10,011	2,099,777
June 30	<u>\$ 1,617,313</u>	<u>\$ 1,827,590</u>

The liabilities above have not been discounted to their present value. Incurred claims represent the total of a provision for events of the current fiscal year and any change in the provision for events of the prior fiscal years.

The School Department has chosen to participate in the Health Benefits Project provided by the West Bay Community Health, an independent, non-profit organization. Deposits made to the Collaborative are treated as expenditures when it is probable that a claim has been incurred, and include estimated amounts for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim and health care trends, and other economic and social factors.

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IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Lease of Wastewater Treatment Facility

The City has entered into a Wastewater Treatment Facility Lease and Service Agreement with Triton, LLC/U.S. Filter/Veolia Water (the "Company"). The terms of the agreement include among others that the City will lease to the Company its Wastewater Treatment System for 25 years. The City will remain owner of the system and will continue to establish and collect all sewer fees. The Company will be responsible for providing wastewater treatment services to the City for that time period; operating and maintaining the City's wastewater treatment facility, pumping stations, force mains, sewer interceptors and the rest of the collection system; designing, constructing and testing certain system improvements; and administering the City's municipal industrial pre-treatment program ("MIPP").

The contract required the Company to pay the City a one-time payment as consideration for the lease. The payment of \$48.0 million represents a prepayment of the lease payments due to the City over the next 25 years. These lease payments are "earned" over the life of the lease. Accordingly, deferred revenue has been recorded in the Sewer Enterprise Fund which will be realized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease (25 years).

At June 30, 2011, the balance of unearned revenue related to this was \$21,120,000, which is comprised of a short-term portion of \$1,920,000 and a long-term portion of \$19,200,000.

During the term of the agreement, the City pays the Company a service fee, which is calculated based on definitive components and amounts, as adjusted in accordance with guidelines established in the agreement. The service fee is generally fixed at the beginning of each fiscal year. During 2011, the City paid service fees totaling \$14 million. The City also recognized 4% of the lease payment (\$1,920,000) as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2011.

C. Commitments and Litigation

Construction and other significant commitments have been reported as reserve for commitments in the fund equity section of the balance sheet.

Amounts received or receivable from Federal and State grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits and the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable. In the opinion of the City attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City is a party to a professional management services agreement as of July 1, 2009. The agreement is between Northeast Facility Management, Inc. and the City. The City has hired this management company to operate and maintain the ice arena, its equipment, material and supplies. The initial term of the agreement is 24 months plus two one year options to renew. The first option to renew is scheduled for July 1, 2011. The City is committed to pay the following compensation to Northeast Facility Management, Inc.

2012	\$50,000
2013 (if applicable)	\$52,000
2014 (if applicable)	\$54,000

The City is also committed to pay NEFMGI and incentive bonus based on 25% of the ice arena net operating income.

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IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems
Summary

The City contributes to five defined benefit pension plans - the Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston ("PFERS"), a single-employer plan; the Municipal Employees' Retirement System ("MERS"), an agent multiple-employer plan; the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("ERS"), a cost-sharing multiple employer plan; the National (Industrial) Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan; and the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. The PFERS is presented in the accompanying financial statements as a fiduciary fund. MERS, ERS, the National Industrial Pension Plan and the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan are not included in the City's financial statements.

1. Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston ("PFERS")

a. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

(i) Basis of Accounting

PFERS' financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments and contract requirements and investment income is recognized when earned and expenses (benefits, administration and refunds) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. As of June 30, 2011, there are no separate financial statements available for the PFERS plan.

(ii) Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

b. Classes of Employees Covered

As of July 1, 2011, the plans' membership consists of:

	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Police</u>	<u>Total</u>
Retirees, disability retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits.....	221	205	426
Active plan members vested.....	41	16	57
Active plan members non vested.....	—	—	—
TOTALS.....	<u>262</u>	<u>221</u>	<u>483</u>

c. Benefit Provisions

PFERS is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all Police and Fire Department personnel hired before July 1, 1995. The Plan provides retirement, disability and survivorship benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. A member may retire after 20 years of service. The pension is equal to 2 ½% of the member's final compensation for each year of service up to 20 years and increases 2% for each year (up to 10 years) in excess of 20 years. An additional 5% of final compensation is added to the pension at 55 years of age. A deferred pension is available to employees completing 10 years of service.

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

1. Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston ("PFERS") (Continued)

c. Benefit Provisions (Continued)

Contributions

Police personnel are required to contribute 10% of their base salary to the pension plan and fire personnel are required to contribute 10.5% of their base salary and longevity to the pension plan.

d. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2011 (the date of the most recent actuarial valuation) was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$311,401,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	<u>55,357,000</u>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	(256,044,000)
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	17.8 %
Covered payroll (active plan members)	4,558,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	5,617.0%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

e. Schedule of Employer Contributions

<u>FISCAL YEAR ENDED</u>	<u>ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION</u>
6/30/2009	20,062,219	19,087,000	95%
6/30/2010	22,209,224	19,396,892	87%
6/30/2011	23,947,728	19,947,728	83%

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IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

1. Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston ("PFERS") (Continued)

f. Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented as historical trend information was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of the date indicated in the tabulation. Additional information as of the latest valuation is as follows:

VALUATION DATE.....	JULY 1, 2011
ACTUARIAL COST METHOD	ATTAINED AGE NORMAL
ASSET VALUATION METHOD.....	FAIR VALUE
ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS:	
Investment Rate of Return.....	8%
PROJECTED SALARY INCREASES:	
Merit	3%
Cost-of-living adjustment.....	3%
Inflation	3%
AMORTIZATION METHOD	OPEN LEVEL DOLLAR
REMAINING AMORTIZATION PERIOD	23 YEARS

g. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation (NPO)

The changes in the net pension obligation of PFERS as of June 30, 2011, were as follows:

Annual required contribution.....	\$ 23,947,728
Interest on net pension obligation.....	7,234,925
Adjustments to ARC.....	(8,074,157)
Annual pension cost.....	23,108,496
Contribution made	(19,947,728)
Change in net pension obligation	(3,160,768)
Net pension obligation - July 1, 2010.....	<u>90,436,567</u>
Net pension obligation - June 30, 2011.....	<u>\$ 93,597,335</u>

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

1. Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston ("PFERS") (Continued)

h. Three Year Trend Information

FISCAL YEAR ENDED	ANNUAL PENSION COST (APC)	PERCENTAGE OF APC CONTRIBUTED	NET PENSION OBLIGATION
6/30/2009	19,469,516	98%	88,325,767
6/30/2010	21,507,692	90%	90,436,567
6/30/2011	23,108,496	86%	93,597,335

2. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("MERS")

a. Plan Description

Upon the date of hire, all full-time City, non-certified school employees and police and fire personnel hired on or after July 1, 1995, are eligible to participate in MERS, an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island. Employees who retire at or after age 58 with 10 years of credited service or at any age after 30 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life. The retirement benefit is 2% of final average salary multiplied by the number of years of total service up to a maximum of 75%. Final average salary is the three highest consecutive years of earned salary excluding overtime, bonuses or severance pays. MERS also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State Statute. Financial statements for MERS can be obtained by contacting the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island, 40 Fountain Street, Providence, RI 02903, or by accessing their website at www.ersri.org.

b. Funding Policy

General employees are required by Rhode Island General Law Section 45-21-41 to contribute 6% of their salary to the plan and contribute an additional 1% for a cost-of-living provision. Annual required contributions are actuarially determined for each separate employer and are assessed to each as a percentage of their participating employees' payroll. The annual required contribution covers normal cost and, where applicable, a payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized as a level percent of payroll over a close period of 30 years measured from June 30, 1999. Police contribute 10% and fire personnel are required to contribute 11.5% of their salary with the excess contribution (1.5%) offsetting the City's required contribution. For 2011, the City's contribution rate for police personnel was 20.95% and 20.57% for fire personnel, resulting in a net contribution by the City for fire personnel of 19.07%.

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

2. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("MERS")

b. Funding Policy (Continued)

A variety of significant actuarial assumptions are used and these assumptions are summarized below:

VALUATION DATE.....	JUNE 30, 2010
ACTUARIAL COST METHOD.....	ENTRY AGE NORMAL
AMORTIZATION METHOD.....	LEVEL PERCENT OF PAYROLL -- CLOSED
EQUIVALENT SINGLE REMAINING AMORTIZATION PERIOD.....	19 YEARS
ASSET VALUATION METHOD.....	5 YEAR SMOOTHED MARKET
ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS:	
Investment Rate of Return.....	7.50%
Inflation.....	2.75%
Cost of Living Adjustments.....	3% (non-compounded with a few exceptions)
PROJECTED SALARY INCREASES:	
General Employees.....	4 - 8%
Police and Fire Employees.....	4.25 - 14.25%
Payroll Growth Rate.....	3.75%

In the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, payroll is assumed to increase 3.75% per year. This increase is solely due to the effect of wage inflation on salaries, with no allowance for future membership growth.

MORTALITY 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table with mortality for disable persons set equal to the age 65 under the PBGC Table Via and Va.

RETIREMENT AGE Employees are assumed to retire at the later of age 65 or completion of the service requirements.

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

2. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("MERS")

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

c. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2010 (the date of the most recent actuarial valuation) was as follows:

	<u>General Employees</u>
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$144,968,132
Actuarial value of plan assets	<u>124,946,313</u>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	(20,021,819)
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	86.2 %
Covered payroll (active plan members)	25,061,688
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	79.9%
	<u>Police</u>
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 28,694,475
Actuarial value of plan assets	<u>18,762,475</u>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	(9,932,000)
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	65.4 %
Covered payroll (active plan members)	6,555,486
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	151.5%
	<u>Fire</u>
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 46,694,038
Actuarial value of plan assets	<u>30,899,504</u>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	(15,794,534)
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	66.2%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	8,560,485
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	184.5%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2011 the State of Rhode Island passed legislation on Pension Reform. The changes made as a result of this Pension Reform Legislation will have an impact on the actuarial valuation results as presented above.

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

2. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("MERS") (Continued)

d. Contributions

The City's contribution rate for general employees was 4.00%.

<u>FISCAL YEAR ENDED</u>	<u>ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION</u>
<u>General Employees</u>			
6/30/2009	\$ 793,730	\$ 793,730	100%
6/30/2010	629,289	629,289	100%
6/30/2011	513,618	513,618	100%
<u>Police</u>			
6/30/2009	\$ 986,464	\$ 986,464	100%
6/30/2010	1,012,190	1,012,190	100%
6/30/2011	1,340,290	1,340,290	100%
<u>Fire</u>			
6/30/2009	\$1,147,745	\$ 1,313,050	100%
6/30/2010	1,115,745	1,115,745	100%
6/30/2011	1,646,073	1,646,073	100%

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

3. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("ERS")

a. Plan Description

All full-time teachers including superintendents, principals, school nurses and certain other school officials ("classified employees") in the Cranston Public Schools participate in the ERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public retirement system. ERS provides retirement, death and disability and health care benefits, all of which are established by State Statute. ERS issues a publicly available financial statement that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for ERS. That report may be obtained by contacting the Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island, 40 Fountain Street, Providence, RI 02903, or by accessing their website at www.ersri.org.

The ERS was established under section two of chapter 2334 of the Rhode Island Public Laws of 1951 and placed under the management of the Retirement Board for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Rhode Island under the provisions of chapters 8 to 10, inclusive, or title 36, and public school teachers under the provisions of chapters 15 to 17, inclusive, of title 16 of the Rhode Island General Laws. The plan provides a two-tier benefit structure referred to as schedules A and B as follows:

Schedule A Benefits: Classified employees who retire at or after age 60 with 10 years of credited service on or before July 1, 2005, or at any age with 28 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life. The retirement benefit is a percentage of final average salary per year of credited service with a maximum benefit of 80% of "final average" salary. Final average salary is the three highest consecutive years of earned salary excluding overtime, bonuses or severance pays. The percent of earnings related to each year of credited service is as follows:

<u>Years of Credited Service</u>	<u>Percent/Year</u>
1 - 10	1.7%
11 - 20	1.9%
21 - 34	3.0%
35	2.0%

Benefit accrual rates: The percentage accrual a Schedule A member has earned as of September 30, 2009 will be frozen. Future accruals will be earned under Schedule B. The member's benefit will be based on the sum of these credits, multiplied by his/her Final Average Salary.

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

3. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("ERS") (Continued)

a. Plan Description (Continued)

Schedule B Benefits: Classified employees who were hired after July 1, 2005, or current employees with less than 10 years of contributory services on or before July 1, 2005, who attain at least 10 years of credited service, will become entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life. The retirement benefit is a percentage of final average salary per year of credited service with a maximum benefit of 75% of "final average" salary. Final average salary is the three highest consecutive years of earned salary excluding overtime, bonuses or severance pays. An unreduced retirement benefit becomes available at age 65 and 10 years of service; actuarially reduced retirement benefits become available at age 55 and 20 years of service. The percent of earnings related to each year of credited service is as follows:

<u>Years of Credited Service</u>	<u>Percent/Year</u>
1 - 10	1.60%
11 - 20	1.80%
21 - 25	2.00%
26 -30	2.25%
31 -37	2.50%
38	2.25%

The ERS plan also provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers via a "Teachers Survivor Benefits Fund" in lieu of Social Security. The details of the survivor death benefits and other death benefits are provided in the financial section of the Annual Financial Report of the Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010 which can be found at www.ersri.org.

b. Funding Policy

Rhode Island General Laws set the contribution rates for participating State employees at 9.5% of salary. Annual contributions by both employees and the State on behalf of those employees are determined by actuaries and assessed as a percentage of participants' payroll. Plan members are required by State statute to contribute 9.5% of their salary to the plan. The School Department contributions are based on a percentage of annual compensation of active members, half of which is payable by the State of Rhode Island. The School Department contributions made for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 are listed under contributions below and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

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IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

3. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("ERS") (Continued)

b. Funding Policy (Continued)

The employer contribution rates for ERSRI are determined actuarially. Separate rates are determined for State Employees and for Teachers. The rates determined in this valuation become effective two years after the valuation date, i.e., as of July 1, 2012. The rate consists of two pieces: the normal cost rate and the amortization rate. The normal cost rate is the Employer's Entry Age normal cost, expressed as a percent of pay. The amortization rate is the contribution required to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over 21 years as a level percent of pay. For the Teachers, the State of Rhode Island pays 40% of the rate, adjusted so that the State pays the entire amortization charge for the 1990/91 and 1991/92 deferrals, and the city employing the Teacher pays the balance. The School Department was required to contribute 11.25%, 11.41%, and 12.04% for all full-time employees for fiscal years 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The required contributions include (a) normal costs; (b) payments to amortize the unfunded frozen actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 1999 over 30 years; and (c) interest on the unfunded frozen actuarial liability. Normal cost is determined using the entry age normal cost method with frozen initial liability.

A variety of significant actuarial assumptions are used and these assumptions are summarized below:

VALUATION DATE.....	JUNE 30, 2010
ACTUARIAL COST METHOD	ENTRY AGE NORMAL
AMORTIZATION METHOD.....	LEVEL PERCENT OF PAYROLL – CLOSED
EQUIVALENT SINGLE REMAINING AMORTIZATION PERIOD.....	19 YEARS
ASSET VALUATION METHOD.....	5 YEAR SMOOTHED MARKET
ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS:	
Investment Rate of Return.....	7.50%
Inflation.....	2.75%
Cost of Living Adjustments.....	Schedule A members (grandfathered) – 3%, Schedule A members (non-grandfathered) – 2.35% and Schedule B members – 2.35%
PROJECTED SALARY INCREASES:	
Teachers	4.00 – 12.75%
MORTALITY	1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table with mortality for disable persons set equal to the age 65 under the PBGC Table Via and Va.

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IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

3. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("ERS") (Continued)

b. Funding Policy (Continued)

RETIREMENT AGE Teachers are assumed to retire at the later of age 61 or completion of the service requirements. Article 7 establishes a minimum retirement age of 62 for all future hires, but this age must not be less than under prior law.

POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT INCREASE For members with at least 10 years of contributory service as of June 30, 2005 who are retired or eligible to retire as of September 30, 2009 and for all members receiving a disability benefit, the post-retirement benefit increases are equal to 3% by statute. They are not a function of the actual increases in the cost of living. For members with less than 10 years of contributory service as of June 30, 2010, members receive a compound increase each year equal to the increase in the CPI, but limited to 3%. For other members who were not retired or eligible to retire as of June 30, 2010: a compound increase in their first \$35,000 of annual retirement benefit each year equal to the increase in the CPI, effective on each anniversary date beginning on the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their 65th birthday, limited to 3%.

As prescribed by Rhode Island general law, the State pays the entire portion of the annual required contribution attributable to the costs of contributions deferred by the State in prior years plus 40% of contributions assessed to employers on payroll not reimbursable through Federal programs. For fiscal year 2011, actuarial required contributions were 19.01% of the participant's salary. This resulted in contribution rates paid by the State on behalf of the School Department of 7.76% of non-federally reimbursable payrolls totaling \$73,669,088 for the year ended June 30, 2011, which has been included as revenues and expenditures in the School Department's unrestricted fund. The School Department contributed the remaining 11.25% of the required 19.01%.

The School Department does not have any investments on related party investments with the State Plan. The School Department's (employer) contribution represented 7.6% of total (employer) contributions required of all participating entities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 (latest available information).

In accordance with GASB 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers," the School District has determined that there is and has been no net pension obligation or assets related to the Plan.

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IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

3. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("ERS") (Continued)

c. Contributions

The School Department's required contributions and actual contributions made for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were as follows:

<u>FISCAL YEAR ENDED</u>	<u>ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION</u>
6/30/2009	\$ 7,671,187	\$ 7,671,187	100%
6/30/2010	8,525,001	8,525,001	100%
6/30/2011	8,287,772	8,287,772	100%

4. National (Industrial) Pension Plan

a. Plan Description

Upon the date of hire, most of the City's public works' employees and all School Department bus drivers are eligible to participate in the National (Industrial) Pension Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The plan also provides the following types of pensions which pay benefits to a retired participant during their lifetime and thereafter pay benefits to the participant's surviving spouse or other beneficiary: husband-and-wife pension, survivor's option pension, and 120 certain payments option pension.

The Plan also provides for a widow/widower's pension. Employees who retire at or after age 62 with at least 5 years of pension credit and have earned at least one of the years of pension credit during the period that their employer is contributing to the pension fund are eligible for benefits through the regular pension that is payable monthly for life. The retirement benefit is determined by the highest contribution rate at which the employee earned pension credit and the years of pension credits they have earned (up to a maximum of 30 years of pension credits). The Plan also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by the Board of Trustees of the Pension Fund. Financial statements for the Plan can be obtained by contacting the Laborers' National (Industrial) Pension Fund, 905 16th Street, N.W., Washington, DC, 20106.

b. Funding Policy

Covered employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2011, the City was required to contribute \$1.15 per hour, and the School Department was required to contribute \$.59 per hour for each hour worked by the employees to the Plan.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

4. National (Industrial) Pension Plan (Continued)

c. Contributions

Contributions for the past three years were as follows:

<u>FISCAL YEAR ENDED</u>	<u>ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION</u>
<u>City</u>			
6/30/2009	\$ 149,136	\$ 149,136	100%
6/30/2010	147,053	147,053	100%
6/30/2011	160,165	160,165	100%
<u>School Department</u>			
6/30/2009	\$ 82,672	\$ 82,672	100%
6/30/2010	74,187	74,187	100%
6/30/2011	84,447	84,447	100%

5. New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan

a. Plan Description

Upon the date of hire, most workers within City Hall and other clerical staff throughout the City are eligible to participate in the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Benefits under the plan are provided through a trust fund. A copy of the annual report can be obtained by contacting the trustees at: New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Fund, 1 Wall Street, Burlington, MA 01803.

b. Funding Policy

Covered employees are currently not required to contribute to the Plan. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2011, the City was required to contribute \$0.80 per hour for each hour worked by the employees to the Plan.

c. Contributions

<u>FISCAL YEAR ENDED</u>	<u>ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION</u>	<u>PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION</u>
6/30/2009	\$ 168,338	168,338	100%
6/30/2010	172,057	172,057	100%
6/30/2011	250,255	250,255	100%

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

E. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Public Safety Employees

1. Plan Description

The City maintains and administers a single-employer OPEB benefit plan that covers all public safety employees. The plan provides health benefits and life insurance benefits to eligible retired police and fire employees and their beneficiaries. The plans provisions may be amended by the City and the Trustees of the plan. The trust is accounted for as an OPEB trust fund in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2011, there are no separate financial statements available for the Public Safety Employees OPEB plan.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

a. Basis of Accounting

The OPEB trust fund financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan.

b. Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

c. Classes of Employees Covered

As of July 1, 2011 (date of the last actuarial valuation) membership data was as follows:

Active employees	318
Inactive Employees:	
Retirees	210
Spouses	167
Retiree (Life only)	<u>220</u>
Total plan members	<u>915</u>

3. Funding Policy

The City established an Irrevocable Trust Agreement (OPEB Trust) effective July 1, 2006, and has started to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The City pays certain medical premiums for a retiree and certain dependents until they reach the age of 65 years unless they are not covered by Medicare benefits, in that case, coverage continues for life. If a firefighter dies before reaching normal retirement age, the City pays for the benefit of the firefighter's family, if any, the full cost of family medical coverage (as in effect at the time of the firefighter's death) until the firefighter's normal retirement date. In addition, the City pays the premium for life insurance for its retirees having a coverage amount of \$17,000.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

E. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

4. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer and employees who elect dependent coverage (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$ 4,089,059
Interest on net OPEB obligation	91,093
Adjustment to annual required contribution	<u>(64,134)</u>
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	4,116,018
Contributions made	<u>3,500,000</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation	616,018
Net OPEB obligation - July 1, 2010	<u>1,138,662</u>
Net OPEB obligation - June 30, 2011	<u>\$ 1,754,680</u>

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 is as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ended</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net OPEB Asset/(Obligation)</u>
6/30/2009	\$ 4,045,161	81%	\$ (500,677)
6/30/2010	4,287,927	85%	(1,138,662)
6/30/2011	4,116,018	85%	(1,754,680)

5. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The required supplementary information, which follows the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Listed below are the details of the funding progress of the OPEB – Public Safety Employees with a valuation date of July 1, 2011, which is the most recent report available.

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 52,934,184
Actuarial value of plan assets	<u>114,890</u>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	(\$ 52,819,294)
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.22 %
Covered payroll (active plan members)	N/A
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A

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IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

E. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

5. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

6. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The accompanying schedules of employer contributions present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ARC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 43. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost for each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The projected unit credit cost method was used in the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation. Actuarial assumptions included an 8.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses). Only assets that have been contributed to the OPEB Trust are considered available for liabilities for purposes of the valuation. The City does use other assets to pay the liabilities on a pay-as-you-go basis at the present time. The actuarial assumptions for healthcare cost trend is growth of 8% for 2011 and declining by 0.5% per year until 4.5% is reached. The 4.5% growth is used on a go-forward basis. The UAAL will be amortized over a closed thirty year period with 25 years remaining.

F. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Board of Education Employees

1. Plan Description

The City maintains and administers a single-employer OPEB benefit plan that covers all School Department employees. The plan provides health benefits and dental insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plans provisions may be amended by the Cranston School Committee and the Trustees of the plan. The OPEB activity is accounted for in the School Unrestricted Fund in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2011, there are no separate, audited GAAP-basis financial statements available for the Board of Education Employees OPEB plan.

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Board of Education Employees (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

a. Basis of Accounting

The OPEB activity is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan. Administrative costs are generally financed through the School Unrestricted Fund.

b. Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

c. Classes of Employees Covered

As of July 1, 2010 (date of the last actuarial valuation) membership data was as follows:

Active employees	1,006
Inactive Employees:	
Retirees	<u>365</u>
Total plan members	<u>1,371</u>

3. Funding Policy

The School Department has not yet established a Trust to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The amounts due for these benefits are funded on a pay as you go basis. The School Department pays 100% of the cost of individual health care insurance and dental insurance benefits for all retired eligible employees retiring before September 1, 2005 until the employee reaches the age of 65. Cost shares have been negotiated for teachers (5% of plan cost) for the retirement period September 1, 2005 and August 31, 2009. Teachers retiring between September 1, 2009 and August 31, 2011 are responsible for a 15% cost share of their benefits. Teachers retiring on or after September 1, 2011 are responsible for a 17% cost share of their benefits.

Administrators retiring prior to July, 2005 have no cost share. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2008 are responsible for a 10% cost share of their benefits. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2010 are responsible for a 20% cost share of their benefits. Administrators retiring on and after July 1, 2010 are responsible for a 20%, 22%, or 25% cost share of their benefits, moving toward a 25% cost share within the next two years. No benefits are paid for employees retiring prior to 1988.

The School Department funds post retirement benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Expenditures for the benefits described above for the year ended June 30, 2011 were \$1,670,995.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Board of Education Employees (Continued)

4. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Board of Education's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer and employees who elect dependent coverage (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

	<u>Total</u>	<u>School</u>	<u>Charter</u>
Annual required contribution	\$ 2,837,968	\$ 2,806,918	\$ 31,050
Interest on net OPEB obligation	111,072	109,857	1,215
Adjustment to annual required contribution	<u>(92,884)</u>	<u>(91,867)</u>	<u>(1,017)</u>
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	2,856,156	2,824,908	31,248
Contributions made	<u>1,670,995</u>	<u>1,652,713</u>	<u>18,282</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation	1,185,161	1,172,195	12,966
Net OPEB obligation - July 1, 2010	<u>2,774,886</u>	<u>2,727,150</u>	<u>47,736</u>
Net OPEB obligation - June 30, 2011	<u>\$ 3,960,047</u>	<u>\$ 3,899,345</u>	<u>\$ 60,702</u>

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2011 is as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ended</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net OPEB Asset/(Obligation)</u>
6/30/2009	\$ 3,504,375	65%	\$ (1,642,251)
6/30/2010	3,134,654	64%	(2,774,886)
6/30/2011	2,856,156	59%	(3,960,047)

5. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The required supplementary information, which follows the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing overtime relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Listed below are the details of the funding progress of the OPEB – Board of Education Employees with a valuation date of July 1, 2010, which is the most recent report available.

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 26,766,553
Actuarial value of plan assets	<u>-</u>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	26,766,553
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0 %
Covered payroll (active plan members)	72,135,074
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	37.11%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Board of Education Employees (Continued)

6. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The accompanying schedules of employer contributions present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ARC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 43. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost for each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The projected unit credit cost method was used in the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation. Actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses). Only assets that have been contributed to the OPEB Trust are considered available for liabilities for purposes of the valuation. The City does use other assets to pay the liabilities on a pay-as-you-go basis at the present time. The actuarial assumptions for healthcare cost trend is growth of 7.5% for 2011 and declining by 0.5% per year until 5% is reached. The 5% growth is used on a go-forward basis. The UAAL will be amortized over a closed thirty year period.

Medical costs are adjusted to reflect expected cost increases related to age. The increase in the net costs assumed to be:

<u>Age</u>	<u>Annual Increase Retiree</u>
49 and below	2.6%
50-54	3.2%
55-59	3.4%
60-64	3.7%
65-69	3.2%
70-74	2.4%
75-79	1.8%
80 and over	0.0%

G. On-Behalf Payments

The amount recognized in the general fund intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures for contributions made by the State on behalf of the City's teachers to the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island was \$5,716,721.

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

H. Subsequent Events

The City adopted a new Defined Contribution Plan for City employees that became effective on July 1, 2011.

I. Restatements

Net assets at the beginning of the year have been restated to reflect a correction of an error in the reporting of receivables, fixed assets, proprietary fund activities and fiduciary fund activities for the City.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The beginning net assets for the governmental activities were restated as follows:

	<u>BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES</u>
Net assets, June 30, 2010, as previously reported.....	\$ 42,487,305
Adjustment to adjust receivables.....	<u>734,002</u>
Net assets, July 1, 2010, as restated.....	<u>\$ 43,221,307</u>

Governmental Financial Statements:

The beginning net assets for the general fund activities were restated as follows:

	<u>GENERAL FUND ACTIVITIES</u>
Net assets, June 30, 2010, as previously reported.....	\$ 20,939,867
Adjustment to report funds under GASB 54 definitions.....	<u>1,305,717</u>
Net assets, July 1, 2010, as restated.....	<u>\$ 22,245,584</u>

(CONTINUED)

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

I. Restatements (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:

The beginning net assets for the general fund activities were restated as follows:

	PROPRIETARY FUND <u>ACTIVITIES</u>
Net assets, June 30, 2010, as previously reported.....	\$ 42,487,305
Adjustment to adjust receivables	<u>734,002</u>
Net assets, July 1, 2010, as restated.....	<u>\$ 43,221,307</u>

Non – Major Governmental Financial Statements:

The beginning net assets for the other governmental fund activities were restated as follows:

	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL <u>ACTIVITIES</u>
Net assets, June 30, 2010, as previously reported.....	\$ 8,031,233
Adjustment to report funds under GASB 54 definitions.....	<u>(1,305,717)</u>
Net assets, July 1, 2010, as restated.....	<u>\$ 6,725,516</u>

(CONCLUDED)

**Required
Supplementary
Information**

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
REVENUES:				
General property taxes.....	\$ 177,999,588	\$ 177,999,588	\$ 178,724,593	\$ 725,005
Intergovernmental.....	7,171,832	7,171,832	6,105,833	(1,065,999)
Appropriation of cumulative surplus.....	1,475,000	1,475,000	-	(1,475,000)
Charges for Services:				
Licenses and permits.....	2,873,703	2,873,703	2,660,016	(213,687)
Fines and forfeitures.....	1,575,000	1,575,000	1,718,514	143,514
Departmental.....	8,841,117	8,841,117	6,486,591	(2,354,526)
Investment income.....	175,000	175,000	72,823	(102,177)
Education.....	34,707,845	34,707,845	34,707,845	-
Other.....	103,590	103,590	173,631	70,041
TOTAL REVENUES.....	234,922,675	234,922,675	230,649,846	(4,272,829)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Executive.....	458,441	458,441	442,796	15,645
City Council.....	271,488	244,408	218,044	26,364
Law.....	456,000	506,000	560,870	(54,870)
Personnel.....	100,015	100,015	95,840	4,175
City Clerk.....	928,514	755,594	747,248	8,346
Probate Court.....	19,339	19,339	19,992	347
Municipal Court.....	252,206	252,206	232,851	19,355
Board of Canvassers.....	354,407	354,407	311,751	42,656
City Planning.....	316,946	316,946	306,382	10,564
Economic Development.....	149,276	149,276	130,580	18,696
Inspections.....	906,495	906,495	880,859	25,636
Finance.....	3,849,215	3,961,951	3,918,606	43,345
Fire.....	29,433,205	28,433,205	27,576,956	856,249
Rescue Fund.....	3,290,000	3,290,000	1,110,289	2,179,711
Police.....	21,282,438	20,907,438	20,209,139	698,299
Long-Term Debt.....	18,714,924	18,714,924	18,714,924	-
Public works.....	13,135,983	14,560,983	14,445,497	115,486
Parks and recreation.....	1,892,404	1,892,404	1,827,721	64,683
Public libraries.....	2,890,199	2,890,199	2,890,199	-
Senior services.....	2,711,542	2,711,542	2,632,759	78,783
Municipal Debt.....	9,425,746	9,413,010	9,315,586	97,424
Education.....	123,921,482	123,921,482	123,921,482	-
Community Grants.....	121,000	121,000	92,625	28,375
Boards and Commissions.....	35,640	35,640	21,877	13,763
Harbor Master.....	5,770	5,770	4,723	1,047
TOTAL EXPENDITURES.....	234,922,675	234,922,675	230,628,596	4,294,079
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF BUDGETED REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-	21,250	21,250
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Carulo action - settlement.....	-	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE.....	\$ -	\$ -	(978,750)	\$ (978,750)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010.....			20,939,867	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011.....			<u>\$ 19,961,117</u>	

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
State aid.....	\$ 29,512,187	\$ 31,729,746	\$ 30,913,079	\$ (816,667)
Federal through State.....	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,701,358	101,358
Tuition.....	1,998,360	1,796,974	1,860,578	63,604
Carryover.....	-	-	27,365	27,365
State fiscal stabilization.....	-	-	814,266	814,266
Miscellaneous.....	348,000	644,021	1,069,331	425,310
TOTAL REVENUES.....	33,458,547	35,770,741	36,385,977	615,236
EXPENDITURES:				
Salaries.....	78,396,398	81,010,932	81,880,145	(869,213)
Employee benefits.....	29,370,204	28,091,446	26,649,162	1,442,284
Purchased services.....	11,156,224	11,171,218	12,101,695	(930,477)
Supplies and materials.....	4,394,167	4,045,812	4,668,206	(622,394)
Capital outlay.....	337,039	612,409	485,196	127,213
Other.....	106,766	52,561	53,332	(771)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES.....	123,760,798	124,984,378	125,837,736	(853,358)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES...	(90,302,251)	(89,213,637)	(89,451,759)	(238,122)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Carulo action - settlement.....			1,000,000	1,000,000
Transfers to Internal Service fund.....			(1,197,514)	(1,197,514)
Transfers in City of Cranston.....	90,302,251	89,213,637	89,213,637	-
	90,302,251	89,213,637	89,016,123	(197,514)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE.....	\$ -	\$ -	(435,636)	\$ (435,636)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010 (RESTATED).....			(6,551,580)	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011.....			<u>\$ (6,987,216)</u>	

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

POLICE AND FIRE PLAN

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE JULY 1,	A ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS	B ACTUARILY ACCRUED LIABILITY (AAL) PROJECTED UNIT CREDIT	(A-B)		(A/B)	C COVERED PAYROLL	[(A-B)/C]
			OVER (UNDER) FUNDED AAL	FUNDED AAL RATIO			
2002	\$ 19,237,000	\$ 256,292,000	\$ (237,055,000)		7.5%	\$ 10,654,000	(2,225.0%)
2003	17,960,000	218,407,000	(200,447,000)		8.2%	9,596,000	(2,088.9%)
2004	27,622,000	242,850,000	(215,228,000)		11.4%	9,446,000	(2,278.5%)
2005	31,641,000	252,222,000	(220,581,000)		12.5%	7,879,000	(2,799.6%)
2006	39,606,000	257,475,000	(217,869,000)		15.4%	7,013,000	(3,106.6%)
2007	51,372,000	259,643,000	(208,271,000)		19.8%	6,678,000	(3,118.8%)
2008	50,961,000	278,857,000	(227,896,000)		18.3%	6,093,000	(3,740.3%)
2009	43,404,000	287,655,000	(244,251,000)		15.1%	5,416,000	(4,509.8%)
2010	45,900,000	290,733,000	(244,833,000)		15.8%	4,797,000	(5,103.9%)
2011	55,357,000	311,401,000	(256,044,000)		17.8%	4,558,000	(5,617.5%)

PUBLIC SAFETY OPEB TRUST PLAN

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE JULY 1,	A ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS	B ACTUARILY ACCRUED LIABILITY (AAL) PROJECTED UNIT CREDIT	(A-B)		(A/B)	C COVERED PAYROLL	[(B-A)/C]
			OVER (UNDER) FUNDED AAL	FUNDED AAL RATIO			
2007	\$ 127,670	\$ 47,222,807	\$ (47,095,137)		0.3%	N/A	N/A
2008	505,545	52,191,492	(51,685,947)		1.0%	N/A	N/A
2009	397,327	50,533,441	(50,136,114)		0.8%	\$ 4,638,936	(1,040.8%)
2010	450,533	50,765,110	(50,314,577)		0.9%	4,095,268	(1,227.4%)
2011	114,890	52,934,184	(52,819,294)		0.2%	N/A	N/A

(Continued)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OPEB PLAN

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE JULY 1,	A		B ACTUARIALY ACCRUED LIABILITY (AAL) PROJECTED UNIT CREDIT	(A-B)		(A/B) FUNDED AAL RATIO	C COVERED PAYROLL	[(A-B)/C] OVER/UNDER FUNDED AAL AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL
	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS	\$		OVER (UNDER) FUNDED AAL	\$			
2007	-	\$	25,950,366	(25,950,366)	\$	0.0%	68,573,674	-37.84%
2008	-	-	35,821,039	(35,821,039)	-	0.0%	69,144,049	-51.81%
2009	-	-	31,160,310	(31,160,310)	-	0.0%	70,733,606	-44.05%
2010	-	-	26,766,553	(26,766,553)	-	0.0%	72,135,074	-37.11%

*** MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE JULY 1,	A		B ACTUARIALY ACCRUED LIABILITY (AAL) ENTRY AGE NORMAL	(A-B)		(A/B) FUNDED AAL RATIO	C COVERED PAYROLL	[(A-B)/C] OVER/UNDER FUNDED AAL AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL
	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS	\$		OVER (UNDER) FUNDED AAL	\$			
2002	115,239,090	\$	91,029,401	24,229,689	\$	126.6%	23,440,036	103.37%
2003	110,439,637	-	92,892,138	17,547,479	-	118.9%	21,675,306	80.96%
2004	106,967,754	-	97,050,042	9,917,712	-	110.2%	23,033,308	43.05%
2005	105,082,284	-	102,678,224	2,404,060	-	102.3%	23,331,717	10.22%
2006	108,693,423	-	107,772,769	920,654	-	100.9%	24,701,259	3.73%
2007	119,233,735	-	114,975,371	4,258,364	-	103.7%	26,200,633	16.25%
2008	129,012,096	-	120,962,612	8,049,484	-	106.7%	26,974,527	29.84%
2009	128,570,070	-	126,143,717	2,426,353	-	101.9%	25,915,483	9.36%
2010	124,946,313	-	144,968,132	(20,021,819)	-	86.2%	25,061,688	-79.89%

* The information included in this schedule of funding progress was obtained from the annual actuarial valuation report of the State of Rhode Island's Employees Retirement System for each of the dates indicated. The June 30, 2010 report is the most recent report available as of the date of the audited financial statements. The State of Rhode Island's Employee Retirement System is currently in the process of compiling the information to complete the June 30, 2011 report.

† Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2011, the State of Rhode Island passed legislation on Pension Reform. The changes made as a result of this Pension Reform Legislation will have an impact on the actuarial valuation results as presented above.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE JULY 1,	A		B		(A-B)		(A/B)		C		[(A-B)/C] OVER/UNDER FUNDED AAL AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL
	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS	ACTUARILY ACCRUED LIABILITY (AAL) ENTRY AGE NORMAL	OVER (UNDER) FUNDED AAL	FUNDED AAL RATIO	FUNDED AAL RATIO	COVERED PAYROLL	COVERED PAYROLL			
2002	\$ 4,343,311	\$	5,155,337	\$ (812,026)	84.2%	84.2%	\$ 2,942,792	\$	-28%		
2003	5,260,034		8,047,991	(2,787,957)	65.4%	65.4%	3,695,706		-75%		
2004	6,440,242		9,491,992	(3,051,750)	67.8%	67.8%	4,327,084		-71%		
2005	7,618,309		10,721,320	(3,103,011)	71.1%	71.1%	4,336,935		-72%		
2006	9,366,178		11,172,239	(1,806,061)	83.8%	83.8%	4,962,030		-36%		
2007	12,036,839		14,016,539	(1,979,680)	85.9%	85.9%	5,919,968		-33%		
2008	14,761,420		18,518,471	(3,757,051)	79.7%	79.7%	6,130,562		-61%		
2009	16,664,831		20,823,809	(4,158,978)	80.0%	80.0%	6,578,878		-43%		
2010	18,762,475	\$	28,694,475	(9,932,000)	65.4%	65.4%	6,555,466		-32%		

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE JULY 1,	A		B		(A-B)		(A/B)		C		[(A-B)/C] OVER/UNDER FUNDED AAL AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL
	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS	ACTUARILY ACCRUED LIABILITY (AAL) ENTRY AGE NORMAL	OVER (UNDER) FUNDED AAL	FUNDED AAL RATIO	FUNDED AAL RATIO	COVERED PAYROLL	COVERED PAYROLL			
2002	\$ 7,870,598	\$	10,697,631	\$ (2,827,033)	73.6%	73.6%	\$ 5,061,806	\$	-36%		
2003	9,511,014		13,143,435	(3,632,421)	72.4%	72.4%	5,722,330		-63%		
2004	11,599,490		17,852,641	(6,253,151)	65.0%	65.0%	6,481,033		-96%		
2005	13,698,011		17,789,858	(4,091,847)	77.0%	77.0%	5,608,096		-73%		
2006	16,395,438		19,313,922	(2,918,484)	84.9%	84.9%	6,408,970		-46%		
2007	20,613,833		22,443,308	(1,831,475)	91.8%	91.8%	7,177,565		-26%		
2008	24,866,263		29,342,709	(4,476,446)	84.7%	84.7%	7,446,104		-60%		
2009	27,822,433		33,839,726	(6,037,273)	82.2%	82.2%	8,404,470		-72%		
2010	30,889,504	\$	48,694,038	(17,804,534)	66.2%	66.2%	8,560,486		-185%		

* The information included in this schedule of funding progress was obtained from the annual actuarial valuation report of the State of Rhode Island's Employee Retirement System for each of the dates indicated. The June 30, 2010 report is the most recent report available as of the date of the audited financial statements. The State of Rhode Island's Employee Retirement System is currently in the process of compiling the information to complete the June 30, 2011 report.

† Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2011 the State of Rhode Island passed legislation on Pension Reform. The changes made as a result of this Pension Reform Legislation will have an impact on the actuarial valuation results as presented above.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

POLICE AND FIRE PLAN

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION (ARC)	ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION	% OF ARC CONTRIBUTED
2007	\$ 21,723,021	\$ 21,723,021	100%
2008	20,785,343	19,889,000	96%
2009	20,062,219	19,087,000	95%
2010	22,209,224	19,396,892	87%
2011	23,947,728	19,947,728	83%

PUBLIC SAFETY OPEB TRUST PLAN

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION (ARC)	ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION	% OF ARC CONTRIBUTED
2007	\$ 3,515,765	\$ 3,692,176	105%
2008	3,606,418	3,700,648	103%
2009	4,047,835	3,273,843	81%
2010	4,092,301	3,649,942	89%
2011	4,089,059	3,500,000	86%

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OPEB PLAN

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION (ARC)	ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION	% OF ARC CONTRIBUTED
2008	\$ 2,548,187	\$ 2,122,221	83%
2009	3,504,375	2,288,090	65%
2010	3,119,950	2,002,019	64%
2011	2,837,968	1,670,995	59%

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

It is the responsibility of the Mayor, with the cooperation of the Director of Finance, to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the City Council not later than the first day of April of each year. The City Council acts on the budget not later than the 15th day of May. Public hearings are conducted on the recommended budget and the final recommended budget is legally enacted through an ordinance at the Financial City Council Meeting. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, with the exception of capital project funds.

The level of budgetary control for the General Fund (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is fixed by resolution as part of the annual budget adoption process at the Financial City Council Meeting. Although the resolution prohibits spending in excess of the authorized budget, it does allow management the right to create interdepartmental transfers at any time during the fiscal year. Intradepartmental transfers and supplemental appropriations are restricted to the fourth quarter and must be approved by the City Council in the form of an ordinance. Intradepartmental transfers reallocate surplus funds from one department to another. Supplemental appropriations increase both revenue appropriation and expenditure appropriation by an equal amount. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, intradepartmental transfers and supplemental appropriations netted an increase to the original adopted budget of \$0.

The budget for the Schools Unrestricted Fund is prepared annually and approved by the School Committee. The amount of the annual transfer from the General Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget. This appropriation does not lapse at year end. The City also adopts budgets for two of the non-major special revenue funds.

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in the City's budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. The budgetary reports are located in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) immediately following these notes. Generally, aside from the Capital Projects Fund, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Appropriations for capital projects are reissued in the amount available at the end of the fiscal year.

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)
 JUNE 30, 2011

Budget - GAAP Reconciliation

A reconciliation of revenues, expenditures, and fund balance between the accounting treatment required by GAAP (Exhibit D), and budgetary requirements (RSI), is as follows:

	GENERAL FUND			SCHOOL DEPARTMENT FUND		
	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE
BALANCE, BUDGETARY BASIS						
JUNE 30, 2011.....	\$ 230,649,846	\$ 230,628,596	\$ 19,961,117	\$ 36,385,977	\$ 125,837,736	\$ (6,987,216)
Revenues/Expenditures accounted for on the budgetary basis associated with Education funds	(34,707,845)	(123,921,482)				
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2010 liquidated during the year June 30, 2011					94,854	(94,854)
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2011 Charged to budgetary expenditures					(92,911)	92,911
Reclassifications principal payments for proceeds from sales	758,369	758,369	-			
Transfer in from Public Facilities Management Foundation-forgiveness of debt		488,880				
Carryover				(27,365)		(27,365)
Transfer to hospitalization fund			296,195			
GASBS4 Implementation	6,662					
Revenue/Expenditure pass-thru	98,140	15,721	82,419	746,577	763,980	(17,403)
Restatement of fund balance for GASBS4			1,305,717			
State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf payment				5,716,721	5,716,721	
BALANCE, GAAP BASIS, JUNE 30, 2011 EXHIBIT D	\$ 196,805,172	\$ 107,970,084	\$ 21,645,448	\$ 42,821,910	\$ 132,320,380	\$ (7,033,927)

(CONCLUDED)

**Supplemental
Schedules**

**Nonmajor
Governmental
Funds**

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues from specific taxes and other earmarked revenue sources which by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government and which, therefore, cannot be diverted to other uses.

Education - This fund accounts for education programs financed with grants from private parties and the federal and state government, which are restricted as governed by the grant agreements.

Community Services – These funds account for various grants and donations that are used throughout the City for the general betterment of the City. Include in this category are the following funds:

- **Flood Mitigation**- This fund was established to help mitigate flooding in low lying areas throughout the City.
- **UDAG** – This fund accounts for the repayment of principal and interest payments from commercial loans funded by a grant from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- **Economic Development Revolving Loan** - This fund accounts for the repayment of principal and interest payments from commercial loans funded by a grant from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- **Public Libraries**-This fund is used to account for gifts, bequests and grants received by the library for the betterment of the public library system.

Public Services - These funds accounts for public safety activities financed by grants, donations and charges received from private parties and federal and state agencies. This category includes the following funds:

Emergency Management
Harbor Master
Fire Grants/Donations
Fire Revolving Loan Fund
Special Duty Fire
Animal Shelter
Police Grants/Donations
Police Federal Forfeiture-Justice
Police Evidence
Police State Seizure
Police Federal Forfeiture-Treasury
Training Academy
Special Duty Police

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Senior Services - The following funds were established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for specific activities sponsored by the Senior Citizens Center:

- RSVP
- Multipurpose Center
- Adult Day Care
- Senior Service Special Project
- Cranston Senior Games

Governmental Special Revenue - This fund accounts for special grants and non-capital projects and includes the following funds:

- Connetta Park
- Parks and Recreation
- Inaugural Committee
- Capital Facilities Development Impact Fees
- Cemetery Trust
- Historical Records.

Community Development Block Grant - This fund accounts for Federal Community Development Block Grants.

WIA Job Development - This fund is a joint venture with the City of Providence to help unemployed and underemployed individuals.

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Project Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities by the City, except for those financed by the Enterprise Funds.

School Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements to school buildings, and for the acquisition of equipment for the Cranston School District.

Police and Fire Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements to police and fire stations and for the acquisition of police and fire equipment.

Public Building Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements of City buildings and the acquisition of equipment for City Hall.

Recreation Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements of the City's recreation facilities and for the acquisition of open space.

Highway Bond Fund - This fund accounts for construction and improvements to roads and highways within the City.

Storm Drains Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the installation and repair of storm drains within the City.

Neighborhood Infrastructure Bond Fund - This fund accounts for neighborhood improvement projects.

Open Space Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the acquisition of open space.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Project Funds		
	Community Development Block Grant	WIA Job Development	School Bond Fund	Police and Fire Bond Fund	Public Building Bond Fund	
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 29,931	\$ 16,605	\$ 617,637	\$ 342,699	
Investments						
Receivables:						
Intergovernmental			375,288		16,273	
Loans	\$ 1,668,976					
Other						
Due from:						
Other funds						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,668,976	\$ 29,931	\$ 391,893	\$ 617,637	\$ 358,972	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$ 12,695		\$ 51,632	\$ 48,130	\$ 52,873	
Accrued payroll	7,994	\$ 10,797		4,090	50,370	
Retainage payable			-			
Due to other funds	20,033	53,663				
Unearned revenues	1,656,281					
Other liabilities						
Bond Anticipation Notes						
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,697,003	64,460	51,632	52,220	103,243	
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable						
Restricted			340,261	565,417	255,729	
Committed						
Assigned	(28,027)	(34,529)				
Unassigned	(28,027)	(34,529)	340,261	565,417	255,729	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	(28,027)	(34,529)	340,261	565,417	255,729	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,668,976	\$ 29,931	\$ 391,893	\$ 617,637	\$ 358,972	

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2011

	Capital Project Funds					Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Recreation Bond Fund	Highway Bond Fund	Storm Drains Bond Fund	Neighborhood Infrastructure Bond Fund	Open Space Bond Fund	
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 203,406	\$ 4,486,248	\$ 93	\$ 101,567	\$ -	\$ 11,618,630
Investments						11,606
Receivables:						
Intergovernmental						4,026,785
Loans						2,884,307
Other						117,316
Due from:						
Other funds						329,609
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 203,406	\$ 4,486,248	\$ 93	\$ 101,567	\$ -	\$ 18,988,253
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$ 96,490	\$ 66,707		\$ 15,100	\$ -	\$ 1,263,094
Accrued payroll		30,036				53,579
Retainage payable						54,460
Due to other funds						4,142,201
Unearned revenues						3,297,075
Other liabilities		2,000,000				54,490
Bond Anticipation Notes						2,000,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	96,490	2,096,743	-	15,100	-	10,864,899
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable						-
Restricted	106,916	2,389,505	93	86,467	-	8,234,637
Committed						-
Assigned						-
Unassigned						(111,283)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	106,916	2,389,505	93	86,467	-	8,123,354
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 203,406	\$ 4,486,248	\$ 93	\$ 101,567	\$ -	\$ 18,988,253

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds					Governmental Special Revenue Funds
	Education	Community Services	Public Service	Senior Services		
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 11,344,580		\$ 638,392			
Charges for services		\$ 46,401	912,018	\$ 112,521	\$	163,698
Investment income		360,113	1,834	929		7,327
Other			43,346			42,696
TOTAL REVENUES	11,344,580	406,514	1,595,590	113,450		213,721
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		411				109,736
Public safety			1,464,551			49,450
Education	11,344,580					
Parks and recreation						8,571
Public libraries		182,342				
Senior services				122,112		
Community development						
Debt service:						
Interest and other costs						
Capital:						
Capital expenditures						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,344,580	182,753	1,464,551	122,112		167,757
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	223,761	131,039	(8,662)		45,964
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of general obligation bond	-	-	-	-		
Bond premium	-	-	-	-		
Transfers in		(289,533)				(40,000)
Transfers out		(289,533)				(40,000)
NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	(289,533)	-	-		(40,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(65,772)	131,039	(8,662)		5,964
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, 2010	-	1,376,239	705,849	304,280		1,992,585
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2011	\$ -	\$ 1,310,467	\$ 836,888	\$ 295,618		\$ 1,998,549

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Project Funds		
	Community Development Block Grant	WIA Job Development	School Bond Fund	Police and Fire Bond Fund		Public Building Bond Fund
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,300,022	\$ 412,557			\$ 518,240
Charges for services					
Investment income	256,042	32		\$ 100	63
Other					
TOTAL REVENUES	1,556,064	412,589	-	100	518,303
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		401,313			
Public safety					
Education					
Parks and recreation					
Public libraries					
Senior services					
Community development	1,560,098				
Debt service:					
Interest and other costs		\$ 24,890			
Capital:					
Capital expenditures			269,542	191,102	1,040,636
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,560,098	401,313	294,432	191,102	1,040,636
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(4,034)	11,276	(294,432)	(191,002)	(522,333)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Issuance of general obligation bond			700,000		
Bond premium			19,705		
Transfers in					
Transfers out					
NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	719,705	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,034)	11,276	425,273	(191,002)	(522,333)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, 2010	(23,993)	(45,805)	(85,012)	756,419	778,062
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2011	\$ (28,027)	\$ (34,529)	\$ 340,261	\$ 565,417	\$ 255,729

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Capital Project Funds					Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
	Recreation Bond Fund	Highway Bond Fund	Storm Drains Bond Fund	Neighborhood Infrastructure Bond Fund	Open Space Bond Fund	
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 7,003	\$ 2,154,527				\$ 16,375,321
Charges for services						1,188,237
Investment income	23	865				313,616
Other				\$ 20,000		466,155
TOTAL REVENUES	7,026	2,155,392	-	20,000	-	18,343,329
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government						511,460
Public safety						1,514,001
Education						11,344,580
Parks and recreation						8,571
Public libraries						182,342
Senior services						122,112
Community development						1,560,098
Debt service:						
Interest and other costs		87,621		10	28,616	141,137
Capital:						
Capital expenditures	342,082	2,140,098	-	40,392	1,039,225	5,063,077
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	342,082	2,227,719	-	40,402	1,067,841	20,447,378
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(335,056)	(72,327)	-	(20,402)	(1,067,841)	(2,104,049)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of general obligation bond		2,000,000			1,000,000	3,700,000
Bond premium		52,090			19,625	91,420
Transfers in		40,000				40,000
Transfers out						(329,533)
NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	2,092,090	-	-	1,019,625	3,501,887
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(335,056)	2,019,763	-	(20,402)	(48,216)	1,397,838
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, 2010	441,972	369,742	93	106,869	48,216	6,725,516
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2011	\$ 106,916	\$ 2,389,505	\$ 93	\$ 86,467	\$ (0)	\$ 8,123,354

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

**NONMAJOR BUDGETARY FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET BASIS
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

	ORIGINALLY ADOPTED BUDGET	FINAL APPROVED BUDGET	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Program Income	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 256,042	\$ 56,042
Federal Grants	1,000,000	1,350,000	1,300,022	(49,978)
Total Revenues	1,200,000	1,550,000	1,556,064	6,064
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Program Activities	1,200,000	1,550,000	1,560,098	(10,098)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,034)	\$ (4,034)

WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT

	ORIGINALLY ADOPTED BUDGET	FINAL APPROVED BUDGET	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Program Income	\$ 400,423	\$ 400,423	\$ 412,557	\$ 12,134
Investment Income	-	-	32	32
Total Revenues	400,423	400,423	412,589	12,166
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Program Activities	400,423	400,423	401,313	890
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,276	\$ 11,276

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AGENCY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2010	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2011
<u>Unclaimed Estates in Probate Court</u>				
ASSET				
Cash	\$ 72,462	\$ 4,447	\$ -	\$ 76,909
LIABILITY				
Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 72,462	\$ 4,447	\$ -	\$ 76,909
<u>Performance Bonds</u>				
ASSET				
Cash	\$ 466,633	\$ 95,356	\$ 87,800	\$ 474,189
LIABILITY				
Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 466,633	\$ 95,356	\$ 87,800	\$ 474,189
<u>Student Activity Funds</u>				
ASSET				
Cash	\$ 518,625	\$ 1,346,993	\$ 1,306,269	\$ 559,349
LIABILITY				
Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 518,625	\$ 1,346,993	\$ 1,306,269	\$ 559,349
<u>TOTALS</u>				
ASSET				
Cash	\$ 1,057,720	\$ 1,446,796	\$ 1,394,069	\$ 1,110,447
Investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Assets	\$ 1,057,720	\$ 1,446,796	\$ 1,394,069	\$ 1,110,447
LIABILITY				
Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 1,057,720	\$ 1,446,796	\$ 1,394,069	\$ 1,110,447

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2011

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		TOTALS
	SCHOOL DEPARTMENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUND	CITY INTERNAL SERVICE FUND	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents.....		\$ 790,174	\$ 790,174
Prepaid expenses.....	\$ 1,772,912		1,772,912
Receivables:			
Other.....	14,330		14,330
Due from other funds.....		87,947	87,947
Total Current Assets	1,787,242	878,121	2,665,363
Noncurrent Assets:			
Advance deposits - medical.....	812,000		812,000
Total Noncurrent Assets	812,000	-	812,000
TOTAL ASSETS	2,599,242	878,121	3,477,363
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable.....	696,429	1,804	698,233
Accrued payroll.....		2,175	2,175
Due to other funds.....	3,355,169	-	3,355,169
Claims payable.....	790,383	369,643	1,160,026
Total Current Liabilities	4,841,981	373,622	5,215,603
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,841,981	373,622	5,215,603
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt.....	-	-	
Restricted:			
Commitments.....			
Debt service.....			
Unrestricted.....	(2,242,739)	504,499	(1,738,240)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ (2,242,739)	\$ 504,499	\$ (1,738,240)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		TOTALS
	SCHOOL DEPARTMENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUND	CITY INTERNAL SERVICE FUND	
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for usage and service.....	\$ 20,360,757	\$ 650,000	\$ 21,010,757
Miscellaneous.....		80,816	80,816
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES.....	20,360,757	730,816	21,091,573
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Operations.....		454,454	454,454
Personnel.....		82,272	82,272
Claims.....		299,710	299,710
Health care management.....	23,801,010		23,801,010
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES.....	23,801,010	836,436	24,637,446
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS).....	(3,440,253)	(105,620)	(3,545,873)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Investment income.....		3,193	3,193
Transfer in.....	1,197,514	-	1,197,514
NET NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES).....	1,197,514	3,193	1,200,707
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS.....	(2,242,739)	(102,427)	(2,345,166)
NET ASSETS - JULY 1, 2010 - AS RESTATED	-	606,926	606,926
NET ASSETS - JUNE 30, 2011.....	\$ (2,242,739)	\$ 504,499	\$ (1,738,240)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

 COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		TOTALS
	SCHOOL DEPARTMENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUND	CITY INTERNAL SERVICE FUND	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash received from customers.....	\$ 20,346,427	\$ 730,816	\$ 21,077,243
Cash paid to employees.....		(82,030)	(82,030)
Cash paid for claims.....	(21,928,685)	(276,837)	(22,205,522)
Cash paid for other operating expenses.....		(472,241)	(472,241)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES.....	(1,582,258)	(100,292)	(1,682,550)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Change in interfund loans.....	1,582,258	7,065	1,589,323
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES.....	1,582,258	7,065	1,589,323
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES.....			
	-	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Income from investments.....		3,193	3,193
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	-	(90,034)	(90,034)
CASH - JULY 1, 2010 (INCLUDING RESTRICTED CASH).....	-	880,208	880,208
CASH - JUNE 30, 2011 (INCLUDING RESTRICTED CASH).....	\$ -	\$ 790,174	\$ 790,174
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating income (loss).....	\$ (3,440,253)	\$ (105,620)	\$ (3,545,873)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable.....	(14,330)		(14,330)
Decrease in deposits.....	1,505,030		1,505,030
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable.....	696,429	(17,787)	678,642
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses.....	(329,134)	242	(328,892)
Decrease in claims payable.....		22,873	22,873
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,582,258)	\$ (100,292)	\$ (1,682,550)

**Capital Assets
Used in the Operation of Governmental
Funds**

SCHEDULE 4

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

**CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY
JUNE 30, 2011**

	LAND	LAND IMPROVEMENTS	BUILDINGS	OFFICE FURNITURE & EQUIP.	MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT	VEHICLES	INFRASTRUCTURE	TOTAL
General government.....	\$ 12,849,088	\$ 15,766,916	\$ 88,764,103	\$ 943,885	\$	\$ 107,078	\$ 84,751,967	\$ 203,183,037
Public safety.....				941,583	\$ 2,687,529	8,817,049		12,446,161
Public works.....				38,220	676,225	3,868,264		4,582,709
Education.....			814,720	1,056,601		2,131,942		4,003,263
Parks and recreation.....				-	1,149,152	466,108		1,615,260
Public libraries.....				3,252,082	29,510	17,458		3,299,050
Senior services.....				51,596	42,638	366,938		461,172
TOTAL.....	\$ 12,849,088	\$ 15,766,916	\$ 89,578,823	\$ 6,283,967	\$ 4,585,054	\$ 15,774,837	\$ 84,751,967	\$ 229,590,652

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

**CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2010	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2011
General government.....	\$ 197,623,730	\$ 8,286,720	\$ 2,727,413	\$ 203,183,037
Public safety.....	12,086,700	972,438	612,977	12,446,161
Public works.....	4,960,956	721,989	1,100,236	4,582,709
Education.....	4,073,030	6,072	75,839	4,003,263
Parks and recreation.....	1,561,072	54,188		1,615,260
Public libraries.....	3,299,050			3,299,050
Senior services.....	457,172	18,000	14,000	461,172
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 224,061,710	\$ 10,059,407	\$ 4,530,465	\$ 229,590,652

**Statistical
Section**

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

FINANCIAL TRENDS (TABLES 1 - 4)

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY (TABLES 5 - 7)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

DEBT CAPACITY (TABLES 8 - 11)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION (TABLES 12 - 13)

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

OPERATING INFORMATION (TABLES 14 - 16)

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2011	2010	2009 (As Restated)	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Governmental activities:										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 38,755,896	\$ 36,911,322	\$ 30,061,368	\$ 27,722,028	\$ 28,499,098	\$ 12,863,084	\$ 36,731,439	\$ 36,571,258	\$ 65,847,258	\$ (35,603,725)
Restricted	-	2,770,499	754,859	3,219,448	2,530,430	9,468,021			621,085	5,963,118
Unrestricted	(81,537,475)	(79,180,678)	(63,493,862)	(59,641,599)	(59,323,748)	(42,514,069)	(60,538,517)	(67,245,897)	(127,626,157)	(132,708,572)
Total Governmental activities	(42,781,579)	(39,498,857)	(32,677,635)	(28,700,123)	(28,294,220)	(20,182,964)	(23,807,078)	(30,674,639)	(61,157,814)	(162,349,179)
Business-type activities:										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	55,835,806	54,279,242	58,955,899	60,339,186	63,828,596	63,684,992	61,785,287	61,892,799	61,013,636	61,364,446
Restricted	-	501,295	501,302	507,594	954,040	504,624	500,267	500,267	820,751	819,358
Unrestricted	(11,349,807)	(12,293,232)	(18,495,702)	(20,023,658)	(25,204,693)	(24,602,130)	(27,861,982)	(30,724,644)	(29,490,872)	(39,125,642)
Total Business-type activities	44,485,999	42,487,305	40,961,499	40,823,122	39,577,943	39,587,486	34,423,572	31,668,422	32,343,515	23,058,162
Total City:										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	94,591,702	91,190,564	89,017,267	88,061,214	92,327,694	76,548,076	98,516,726	98,464,057	126,860,894	25,760,721
Restricted	-	3,271,794	1,256,161	3,727,042	3,484,470	9,972,645	500,267	500,267	1,441,836	6,782,476
Unrestricted	(92,887,282)	(91,473,910)	(81,989,564)	(79,665,257)	(84,528,441)	(67,116,199)	(88,400,499)	(97,970,541)	(157,117,029)	(171,834,214)
Total City	\$ 1,704,420	\$ 2,988,448	\$ 8,283,864	\$ 12,122,999	\$ 11,283,723	\$ 19,404,522	\$ 10,616,494	\$ 993,783	\$ (28,814,299)	\$ (139,291,017)

TABLE 2
(1 of 3)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2011	2010	2009 (As Restated)	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
EXPENSES:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 11,681,983	\$ 11,927,606	\$ 13,502,051	\$ 11,071,588	\$ 14,667,120	\$ 10,038,244	\$ 15,849,140	\$ 12,264,371	\$ 14,054,259	\$ 11,315,504
Public safety	74,176,278	75,005,742	69,891,470	64,867,512	69,816,686	66,103,904	61,212,863	58,737,753	48,600,836	54,311,983
Public works	14,162,027	14,132,084	14,286,657	13,603,612	13,111,503	12,353,799	12,500,813	11,556,583	8,428,595	8,492,030
Education	148,470,757	147,353,569	144,564,947	145,639,712	139,954,890	128,470,859	123,345,770	115,118,837	114,486,888	104,666,500
Parks and recreation	1,674,918	1,564,980	2,249,144	2,604,501	2,617,354	2,384,414	2,059,016	1,848,297	1,801,404	2,007,121
Public libraries	2,929,901	2,918,385	3,210,102	3,159,253	3,142,534	2,824,696	2,761,476	2,790,619	2,662,535	2,559,200
Senior services	2,747,580	2,822,873	2,948,510	3,122,575	2,913,263	2,611,039	2,564,049	2,564,641	2,959,335	3,040,382
Community development	1,560,098	1,981,805	1,095,367	866,181	1,901,604	1,962,445	1,606,187	1,273,293	1,293,739	1,459,680
Interest expense	5,003,790	4,983,466	4,962,888	4,318,495	3,873,139	6,672,049	3,203,381	2,254,851	5,169,683	3,476,705
Other	119,225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Governmental activities	262,526,557	262,692,510	256,711,136	249,253,429	251,998,093	233,421,449	225,102,695	208,409,245	199,457,274	191,329,105
Business-type activities:										
Sewer	17,604,843	17,312,453	17,381,311	16,174,140	16,233,984	16,221,383	15,052,454	15,612,521	13,553,258	15,324,429
Public Facilities Management Foundation	200,917	219,337	228,248	246,029	270,154	275,798	309,662	78,078	357,990	324,228
Charter School Fund	2,960,621	3,090,636	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School lunch	2,565,806	2,721,200	2,900,867	3,023,413	2,957,021	2,688,143	2,586,402	2,488,766	2,547,767	2,393,349
Total Business-type activities	23,332,207	23,343,626	20,510,426	19,443,582	19,461,159	19,185,324	17,948,518	18,179,365	16,459,015	18,042,006
Total City expenses	285,858,764	286,036,136	277,221,562	268,697,011	271,459,252	252,606,773	243,051,213	226,588,610	215,916,289	209,371,111

(Continued)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2011	2010	2009 (As Restated)	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
PROGRAM REVENUES:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 5,968,476	\$ 5,726,884	\$ 5,396,283	\$ 5,474,802	\$ 8,725,161	\$ 9,339,781	\$ 10,094,738	\$ 14,279,624	\$ 7,167,456	\$ 3,835,199
Public safety	3,893,316	5,575,477	6,162,035	5,475,823	3,131,896	3,364,334	3,250,181	2,930,328	1,138,141	2,531,055
Public works	681,668	455,374	481,865	523,374	166,623	124,564	79,485	110,771		
Education	1,860,578	1,850,584	2,805,729	2,859,296	3,069,830	2,719,123	218,346	2,267,150	2,992,832	4,598,157
Parks and recreation	266,406	289,310	320,967	277,125	229,801	192,971	214,878	214,878		
Public libraries	87,400	89,000	100,000	68,500	85,000	82,500	179,232	124,987		
Senior services	1,806,092	1,691,795	1,670,440	1,580,788	1,442,583	1,392,072	1,264,135	1,461,805		
Other activities										
Operating grants and contributions	59,840,449	63,617,708	56,934,360	55,043,215	55,006,239	51,704,145	53,592,333	49,494,352	3,622,184	1,126,311
Capital grants and contributions	638,392	585,627	182,166	103,305	694,453	114,596	342,051	45,397,783	46,172,804	45,397,783
Total Governmental activities program revenues	75,042,777	79,881,759	74,053,845	71,406,193	72,551,586	69,034,086	69,020,501	70,883,895	61,093,417	57,732,454
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Sewer	18,876,713	18,640,991	17,208,694	17,517,895	17,259,536	18,411,799	16,133,909	16,456,479	17,478,196	16,056,715
Public Facilities Management Foundation	136,911	208,574	211,061	187,849	256,199	247,419	304,306	45,000	319,699	452,161
Charter School	2,989,071	2,968,139	436,625							
School lunch	953,102	1,123,852	1,222,604	1,329,552	1,586,519	1,417,343	1,490,280	1,483,555	1,571,470	1,536,637
Operating grants and contributions	1,787,715	1,538,371	1,300,849	1,436,380	1,170,646	1,101,082	1,036,970	939,419	911,614	886,491
Capital grants and contributions						2,030,980	836,249			
Total Business-type activities program revenues	24,743,512	24,479,927	20,379,833	20,471,676	20,272,900	23,208,623	19,801,714	18,924,453	20,280,979	18,932,004
Total City revenues	99,786,289	104,361,686	94,433,678	91,877,869	92,824,486	92,242,709	88,822,215	89,808,348	81,374,396	76,664,458
Net (expenses) revenues:										
Governmental activities	(187,483,780)	(182,810,751)	(182,657,291)	(177,847,236)	(179,446,507)	(164,387,363)	(156,082,194)	(137,525,350)	(138,363,857)	(133,596,651)
Business-type activities	1,411,305	1,136,301	(130,593)	1,028,094	811,741	4,023,299	1,853,196	745,088	3,821,964	889,998
Total City net expense	(186,072,475)	(181,674,450)	(182,787,884)	(176,819,142)	(178,634,766)	(160,364,064)	(154,228,998)	(136,780,262)	(134,541,893)	(132,706,653)

(Continued)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2011	2010	2009 (As Restated)	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS:										
Governmental activities:										
General Revenues:										
Property taxes and other	\$ 178,871,587	\$ 172,909,856	\$ 173,615,269	\$ 169,279,075	\$ 162,010,764	\$ 158,960,204	\$ 158,547,041	\$ 155,870,057	\$ 140,791,381	\$ 118,179,277
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	662,520	303,537	2,086,520	4,599,682	5,473,326	5,599,200				
Gain on sale of assets										
State revenue sharing	577,703	706,945	1,065,331	2,449,896	3,851,161	2,323,533	3,199,670	3,293,868	2,898,349	2,662,371
Unrestricted investment earnings	488,880						1,203,044	477,653	346,950	327,699
Transfers	3,600,368	2,069,191	1,912,658							
Miscellaneous										
Transfers										
								1,450,000	(495,919)	4,908,858
Total Governmental activities	184,201,058	175,989,529	178,679,778	176,328,653	171,335,251	166,882,937	162,949,755	161,091,578	143,540,761	126,078,205
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	342,267	389,505	268,956	217,085	188,091	131,240	253,271	29,819	49,403	119,581
Transfers	(488,880)							(1,450,000)	495,919	
	(146,613)	389,505	268,956	217,085	188,091	131,240	253,271	(1,420,181)	545,322	119,581
Total Business-type activities	184,054,445	176,379,034	178,948,734	176,545,738	171,523,342	167,014,177	163,203,026	159,671,397	144,086,083	126,197,786
Total City	(3,282,722)	(6,821,222)	(3,977,513)	(1,518,583)	(8,111,256)	2,495,574	6,867,561	23,566,228	5,176,904	(7,518,446)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS:										
Governmental activities	1,264,692	1,525,806	138,363	1,245,179	999,832	4,154,539	2,106,467	(675,093)	4,367,286	1,009,579
Business-type activities										
	\$ (2,018,030)	\$ (5,295,416)	\$ (3,839,150)	\$ (273,404)	\$ (7,111,424)	\$ 6,650,113	\$ 8,974,028	\$ 22,891,135	\$ 9,544,190	\$ (6,508,867)

(Continued)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2011	2010	2009 (As Restated)	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$ 3,264,015									
Restricted										
Committed	6,390,443									
Assigned	1,300,761									
Unassigned	10,690,229									
Reserved		\$ 7,624,361	\$ 8,990,340	\$ 3,193,052	\$ 170,709	\$	\$	\$	\$ 211,806	\$ 3,027,829
Unreserved		13,315,506	14,581,605	19,849,704	18,493,224	19,932,283	19,599,361	16,098,058	5,465,068	(4,454,508)
Total General Fund	21,645,448	20,939,867	23,571,945	23,042,756	18,663,933	19,932,283	19,599,361	16,098,058	5,676,874	(1,426,679)
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Nonspendable	\$ 3,489,492									
Restricted	8,234,662									
Committed	92,887									
Assigned										
Unassigned	(10,727,614)									
Reserved										
Unreserved, designated - school		2,441,699	754,859	3,792,674	2,359,721	9,468,021	449,705	770,552	409,279	2,935,289
Unreserved, reported in:				450,000	450,000	900,000	667,588	942,942	(4,193,715)	(2,871,535)
Special revenue funds		(3,378,407)	(3,022,478)	797,940	8,405,339	15,449,182	12,269,184	8,155,009	4,423,779	5,948,959
Capital project funds		2,416,361	6,688,914	4,776,751	5,338,216	12,896,071	1,238,208	2,444,469	(21,667,080)	(12,308,135)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	1,089,427	1,479,653	4,421,295	9,817,365	16,553,276	38,713,274	14,624,685	12,312,972	(21,027,737)	(6,295,422)
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 22,734,875	\$ 22,419,520	\$ 27,993,240	\$ 32,860,121	\$ 35,217,209	\$ 58,645,557	\$ 34,224,046	\$ 28,411,030	\$ (15,350,863)	\$ (7,722,101)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)
(UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR										
	2011	2010	2009 (As Restated)	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Revenues:											
Property taxes	\$ 178,724,593	\$ 165,623,300	\$ 159,040,147	\$ 156,152,762	\$ 147,243,054	\$ 145,906,925	\$ 146,687,442	\$ 142,444,687	\$ 130,881,284	\$ 108,364,553	\$ 103,540,505
Intergovernmental revenue	54,891,645	67,192,078	62,680,327	73,022,744	75,289,523	69,768,119	61,446,056	59,413,263	55,200,184	52,692,416	47,639,030
Charges for services	13,913,936	15,183,424	16,336,920	15,731,489	14,030,153	14,460,130	3,630,513	3,196,325	2,127,280	1,688,575	1,595,317
Licenses and permits											
Fines and interest on late payments											
Interest on investments	389,697	529,705	885,302	2,260,933	3,635,196	2,111,701	1,680,163	1,727,841	1,168,927	1,244,372	1,142,520
Departmental											
State fiscal stabilization funds	814,266	2,410,080	2,090,303				1,104,514	449,364	346,950	327,699	826,411
State on-behalf pension contributions	5,716,721	5,056,767	6,661,428				2,194,673	2,191,986	3,111,410		
Other revenues	3,519,553	2,038,060	1,825,834	996,030	2,468,895	2,352,465	13,049,659	18,247,736	20,182,135	18,971,771	11,665,144
Total revenues	257,970,411	258,033,414	249,520,261	248,163,958	242,666,821	234,599,340	229,793,020	227,671,202	213,018,170	183,489,386	166,408,927
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	8,392,000	7,727,864	8,488,491	8,874,157	11,427,653	9,237,728	10,222,585	9,173,000	12,714,754	10,061,207	8,154,772
Public safety	69,125,309	70,172,182	68,605,728	69,339,328	67,854,283	61,030,024	59,779,344	57,502,834	48,209,827	43,597,698	42,976,586
Public works	14,445,497	13,625,913	13,963,806	13,320,943	12,544,966	12,486,760	12,242,411	11,130,019	8,243,944	8,400,200	8,374,354
Education	143,664,960	147,100,982	143,189,521	144,629,043	139,558,319	128,541,976	123,115,632	114,916,387	114,225,766	105,030,656	98,363,576
Parks and recreation	1,836,292	2,065,678	2,287,973	2,526,612	2,516,148	2,347,676	1,945,381	1,730,551	1,775,134	2,659,809	2,658,217
Public libraries	3,072,541	2,981,728	3,190,251	3,163,096	3,039,202	2,822,353	2,690,940	2,659,809	2,658,217	2,883,992	2,883,992
Senior services	2,754,871	2,780,245	2,946,217	3,086,360	2,852,395	2,576,829	2,486,770	2,503,444	2,883,992	1,293,739	1,293,739
Community development	1,560,098	1,981,805	1,095,367	876,379	1,916,946	1,974,504	1,606,187	1,273,293	1,293,739	8,142,700	9,787,400
Other	119,225	170,780	161,411	163,802	175,183	156,257	771,881	470,759	8,142,700	7,065,558	8,875,169
Capital outlay	5,063,077	4,853,492	7,942,434	8,955,447	15,970,638	3,229,249	1,977,655	4,452,313	10,414,157	10,382,250	10,382,250
Debt service:											
Principal	6,440,000	5,860,000	5,115,000	4,980,000	4,520,000	3,845,000	3,820,000	2,954,563	4,398,667	4,995,383	3,819,234
Interest	4,263,972	4,286,465	4,474,678	4,039,572	3,719,436	6,103,447	5,779,525	2,385,125	3,595,173	3,564,541	2,738,431
Total expenditures	260,737,842	263,607,134	261,460,877	263,954,739	266,095,169	234,351,803	226,438,311	211,152,097	218,556,070	192,502,643	183,684,372
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(2,767,431)	(5,573,720)	(11,940,616)	(15,790,781)	(23,428,348)	247,537	3,354,709	16,519,105	(5,537,900)	(9,013,257)	(17,275,445)
Other financing sources (uses):											
Issuance of debt	3,700,000	-	7,000,000	13,075,000		23,900,000	22,280,000	27,050,000			13,320,000
Bond premium	91,420		73,734	358,693		273,974	1,933,307	877,652			
Proceeds from leasing											
Transfers in	90,032,050	87,023,036	95,952,192	99,002,633	98,534,821	94,700,327	88,857,289	86,467,243	70,382,293	68,211,228	55,535,987
Repayment of debt to escrow agent											
Transfers out	(90,740,684)	(87,023,036)	(95,952,192)	(99,002,633)	(98,534,821)	(94,700,327)	(88,857,289)	(87,473,612)	(73,178,212)	(68,211,228)	(55,535,987)
Net other financing sources (uses)	3,082,786	-	7,073,734	13,433,693	-	24,173,974	2,458,307	26,921,283	(2,090,862)	2,521,436	178,971
Net change in fund balances	\$ 315,355	\$ (5,573,720)	\$ (4,866,882)	\$ (2,357,088)	\$ (23,428,348)	\$ 24,421,511	\$ 5,813,016	\$ 43,440,388	\$ (7,628,762)	\$ (6,491,821)	\$ (17,096,474)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.2%	3.9%	3.8%	3.5%	3.3%	4.3%	4.3%	2.6%	3.8%	4.6%	3.8%

(1) This schedule includes expenditures of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)
(UNAUDITED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	REAL PROPERTY					PERSONAL PROPERTY					TOTAL		RATIO OF TOTAL ASSESSED TO TOTAL ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE
	ASSESSED VALUE (1)	DIRECT TAX RATE	COMMERCIAL ASSESSED VALUE (2)	DIRECT TAX RATE	ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE	ASSESSED VALUE (1)	DIRECT TAX RATE TANGIBLE	DIRECT TAX RATE MOTOR VEHICLE	DIRECT TAX RATE INVENTORY	ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE	ASSESSED VALUE (1)	ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE	
2002	3,471,476,900	33	N/A	N/A	4,770,268,926	726,632,739	33	42	22	726,632,739	4,198,109,639	5,496,901,665	0.764
2003	3,526,107,500	34	N/A	N/A	4,822,036,230	763,362,568	34	42	19	763,362,568	4,289,470,068	5,585,398,798	0.768
2004	4,120,580,900	22	929,951,300	\$30	5,357,818,034	787,898,647	34	42	16	787,898,647	5,838,430,847	6,145,716,681	0.950
2005	4,152,937,000	23	950,396,900	31	5,613,667,290	794,638,753	35	42	13	794,638,753	5,897,972,653	6,468,366,043	0.920
2006	4,196,433,200	23	959,929,900	31	5,929,817,565	835,667,975	35	42	10	835,667,975	5,992,031,075	6,765,485,540	0.886
2007	6,812,384,100	15	1,425,772,400	22	8,238,156,500	866,598,879	22	42	6	866,598,879	9,104,755,379	9,104,755,379	1.000
2008	6,853,894,200	15	1,460,469,600	23	8,314,363,800	848,079,164	23	42	3	848,079,164	9,162,442,964	9,162,442,964	1.000
2009	6,886,982,312	15	1,474,304,800	23	8,361,287,112	801,388,590	23	42	N/A	801,388,590	9,162,675,702	9,162,675,702	1.000
2010	5,670,869,300	19	1,352,953,200	29	7,023,822,500	754,417,429	29	42	N/A	754,417,429	7,778,239,929	7,778,239,929	1.000
2011	5,696,562,900	20	1,363,784,200	29	7,060,347,100	781,306,230	29	42	N/A	781,306,230	7,841,653,330	7,841,653,330	1.000

(1) Gross amount is reflected without deduction for exemptions.

(2) In 2004, the tax assessment for real property was split for the first time.

TABLE 6

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

**PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO
(UNAUDITED)**

	GRAND LIST YEAR						
	2011			2002			
NAME	NATURE OF BUSINESS	ASSESSED VALUE	RANK	PERCENTAGE NET TAXABLE GRAND LIST (1)	ASSESSED VALUE	RANK	PERCENTAGE NET TAXABLE GRAND LIST (2)
Carpiionato Alfred	Real Estate Management	\$ 108,495,538	1	1.43%	\$ 42,782,151	1	1.35%
Gateway Woodside Inc.	Real Estate Management	76,084,821	2	1.00%	35,965,023	3	1.13%
Picmerne Properties	Real Estate Management	66,720,398	3	0.88%	23,973,842	5	0.75%
National Grid	Utility	60,744,072	4	0.80%	40,467,390	2	1.27%
Brewery Parkade	Real Estate Management	34,321,700	5	0.45%	15,993,100	7	0.50%
Cox Communications Inc.	Cable Communications	17,121,885	8	0.23%	27,034,230	4	0.85%
Independence Way	Real Estate Management	20,126,300	6	0.27%	10,579,500	10	0.33%
BEMIT II Cranston LLC	Real Estate Management	20,865,600	7	0.28%			
Lowe's	Retail Hardware	18,000,491	9	0.24%			
CRE IP LLC	Real Estate Management	16,158,000	10	0.21%			
Swarovski American	Manufacturing	10,671,809			17,514,406	6	0.55%
Providence Water	Utility	3,498,554			13,057,110	9	0.41%
Stop & Shop	Retail	12,229,205			14,676,114	8	0.46%
TOTAL		\$ 465,038,373		5.79%	\$ 242,042,866		7.60%

Source: Town Assessor Department.

(1) Based on a net taxable Grand List of \$7,571,491,712

(2) Based on a net taxable Grand List of \$3,179,154,030

TABLE 7

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

TAX RATES, LEVIES AND CASH COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	TOTAL ADJUSTED TAX LEVY	NET CURRENT LEVY TAX COLLECTIONS	PERCENTAGE OF CURRENT TAXES COLLECTED	NET DELINQUENT TAX COLLECTIONS SUBSEQUENT YEARS	TOTAL NET TAXES COLLECTED ALL YEARS	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL TAX COLLECTED TO TOTAL TAX LEVY	OUTSTANDING DELINQUENT TAXES	PERCENTAGE OF DELINQUENT TAXES TO TOTAL TAX LEVY
2002	105,644,501	102,588,301	97.1%	1,023,046	103,611,347	98.1%	-	0.0%
2003	129,179,767	125,690,321	97.3%	1,315,447	127,005,768	98.3%	324,159	0.3%
2004	136,756,194	135,075,140	98.8%	1,083,262	136,158,402	99.6%	375,874	0.3%
2005	142,694,201	140,405,075	98.4%	1,316,747	141,721,822	99.3%	512,171	0.4%
2006	145,337,455	140,893,257	96.9%	1,466,867	142,360,124	98.0%	469,346	0.3%
2007	144,155,093	141,859,549	98.4%	1,362,931	143,222,480	99.4%	626,233	0.4%
2008	151,718,441	150,177,124	99.0%	1,083,492	151,260,616	99.7%	650,436	0.4%
2009	153,150,874	151,086,526	98.7%	1,233,090	152,319,616	99.5%	749,840	0.5%
2010	160,419,261	159,080,002	99.2%	955,227	160,035,229	99.8%	832,269	0.5%
2011	175,003,222	171,899,372	98.2%		171,899,372	98.2%	2,884,893	1.6%
Source:	City's audit reports.							
							<u>7,425,221</u>	

(1) This represents the City's mill rate per \$1,000 of taxable property.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				TOTAL	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME	DEBT PER CAPITA
	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	CAPITAL LEASES	TOTAL	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	CLEAN WATER NOTES	TOTAL	TOTAL			
2002	46,098,154	7,459,150	53,557,304	1,517,438	4,890,000	2,931,245	9,338,683	62,895,987	N/A	786	
2003	42,025,156	7,065,400	49,090,556	335,437	4,640,000	2,729,916	7,705,353	56,795,909	N/A	701	
2004	66,360,000	6,202,345	72,562,345		4,375,000	4,527,484	8,902,484	81,464,829	N/A	998	
2005	63,340,000	5,322,425	68,662,425		4,100,000	7,723,917	11,823,917	80,486,342	N/A	982	
2006	83,685,000	4,436,836	88,121,836		3,810,000	7,833,184	11,643,184	99,765,020	N/A	1,232	
2007	79,465,000	3,842,828	83,307,828		3,510,000	7,031,252	10,541,252	93,849,080	N/A	1,160	
2008	87,875,000	3,264,313	91,139,313		3,195,000	9,228,087	12,423,087	103,562,400	N/A	1,287	
2009	90,095,000	2,907,923	93,002,923		2,860,000	8,423,654	11,283,654	104,286,577	N/A	1,280	
2010	84,585,000	2,534,862	87,119,862		2,510,000	8,467,917	10,977,917	98,097,779	N/A	1,204	
2011	82,630,000	1,725,000	84,355,000		1,725,000	7,510,841	9,235,841	93,590,841	N/A	1,164	

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

TABLE 9**CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND****RATIOS OF GENERAL DEBT OUTSTANDING
LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)**

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	GENERAL DEBT OUTSTANDING		PERCENTAGE OF ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY	DEBT PER CAPITA
	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	TOTAL		
2002	46,098,154	46,098,154	0.84%	576
2003	42,025,156	42,025,156	0.75%	519
2004	66,360,000	66,360,000	1.08%	813
2005	63,340,000	63,340,000	0.99%	773
2006	83,685,000	83,685,000	1.24%	1,033
2007	79,465,000	79,465,000	0.87%	982
2008	87,875,000	87,875,000	0.96%	1,092
2009	90,095,000	90,095,000	0.98%	1,106
2010	84,585,000	84,585,000	1.09%	1,038
2011	82,630,000	82,630,000	1.05%	1,028

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN
 JUNE 30, 2011
 (UNAUDITED)

Assessed value	\$ 7,841,653,330
Less: exemptions	<u>(270,161,618)</u>
NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	<u><u>\$ 7,571,491,712</u></u>
Debt limit - 3 percent of total assessed value	\$ 227,144,751
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:	
Total bonded debt	<u>-</u>
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	<u><u>\$ 227,144,751</u></u>

Note: The City has no debt issues outstanding under the Maximum Aggregate Indebtedness provision (3% Debt Limit) - Rhode Island General Law 45-12-2. All other City debt has been incurred through special statutory authority which consists of approval by the legislature and voter referendum.

The State Legislature may by special act permit the City to incur indebtedness in excess of the three percent (3%) limit in accordance with Rhode Island General Law 45-12-11. The City of Cranston has never requested authorization under the Authority for the issuance of Indebtedness Excess - Rhode Island General Law 45-12-11.

TABLE 11**CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND****LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION
LAST TEN YEARS**

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	DEBT LIMIT	NET DEBT APPLICABLE TO LIMIT	LEGAL DEBT MARGIN
2002	95,374,621	-	95,374,621
2003	100,615,221	-	100,615,221
2004	166,419,556	-	166,419,556
2005	165,502,160	-	165,502,160
2006	168,212,526	-	168,212,526
2007	257,080,899	-	257,080,899
2008	258,894,710	-	258,894,710
2009	258,941,444	-	258,941,444
2010	219,211,804	-	219,211,804
2011	227,144,751	-	227,144,751

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	(1) POPULATION	(4) PERSONAL INCOME	(1) PER CAPITA INCOME	(1) MEDIAN AGE	EDUCATION LEVEL IN YEARS OF SCHOOLING	(2) SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	(3) UNEMPLOYMENT PERCENTAGE
2002	80,052	N/A	21,978	39	N/A	11,155	4.6%
2003	81,005	N/A	21,978	39	N/A	11,269	5.0%
2004	81,617	N/A	21,978	39	N/A	11,218	5.8%
2005	81,990	N/A	21,978	39	N/A	11,102	5.2%
2006	80,983	N/A	21,978	39	N/A	11,018	5.5%
2007	80,904	N/A	21,978	39	N/A	10,911	4.9%
2008	80,463	N/A	21,978	39	N/A	10,718	4.9%
2009	81,479	N/A	21,978	39	N/A	10,658	4.9%
2010	81,479	N/A	21,978	39	N/A	10,744	12.7%
2011	80,387	N/A	25,653	39	N/A	10,735	10.5%

(1) Figures obtained from the Rhode Island Census Data Center derived from the 2000, 2006 estimated and 2010 census data.

(2) Cranston School Department

(3) Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training.

(4) N/A - Information not available

TABLE 13

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO
(UNAUDITED)

EMPLOYER	2011			2002		
	EMPLOYEES	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY EMPLOYMENT (1)	EMPLOYEES	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY EMPLOYMENT (2)
State of Rhode Island	5,500	1	14.56%	3,370	1	8.62%
City of Cranston	2,513	2	6.65%	2,344	3	6.00%
Citizens Bank	1,880	3	4.98%	902	5	
US Security Associates	300	10	0.79%			
Walmart	320	8	0.85%			
Taco, Inc.	400	6	1.06%	550	5	1.41%
CranstonARC	410	5	1.09%	283	9	
Honeywell Safety Products	314	9	0.83%			
Thielsch Engineering	325	7	0.86%			
Swarovski Consumer Goods Ltd.	-		0.00%	1,140	4	2.92%
The Stop & Shop Co., Inc.	437	4	1.16%	400	7	
Ross-Simons of Warwick				460	6	1.18%
JanCo				3,000	2	7.68%
DB Kelly Associates				315	8	0.81%
Rise Performance Contracting				276	10	0.71%
TOTAL	12,399		32.83%	13,040		29.33%

SOURCE: State Department of Labor
(1) Based on 6/30/11 total City employment of 37,783
(2) Based on 6/30/02 total City employment of 39,075

TABLE 14

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

FUNCTION / PROGRAM	FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30									
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:										
Mayor.....	5	5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Department of Personnel.....	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
City Clerk.....	6	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Municipal Court.....	2	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Board of Canvassers.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
City Planning.....	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Economic Development.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance.....	2	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	3	4
Division of Accounting & Control.....	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	5
Division of Assessment.....	6	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Division of Contracts & Purchasing.....	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Information Technology.....	6	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7
Division of Treasury & Collection.....	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8
POLICE:										
Officers.....	140	153	153	153	153	151	150	149	149	149
Civilians.....	25	26	29	30	30	30	32	30	30	30
Animal Control.....	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
FIRE:										
Chief.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Uniformed.....	181	200	200	200	200	200	201	201	201	201
Civilians.....	16	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
INSPECTIONS:										
.....	12	14	16	16	13	13	12	12	12	12
PUBLIC WORKS:										
Administration.....	3	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
Engineering.....	4	4	0	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Highway.....	38	41	44	41	41	41	39	39	39	39
Building.....	24	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	27
Fleet Management.....	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Traffic Safety.....	3	4	0	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
PARKS AND RECREATION:										
.....	19	20	21	21	21	21	22	22	22	22
PUBLIC LIBRARIES:										
.....	30	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
SENIOR SERVICES:										
.....	23	30	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:										
.....	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
OTHER:										
.....	8	8	8	7	9	10	11	11	11	11
EDUCATION:										
.....	1,528	1,523	1,570	1,486	1,546	1,635	1,626	1,669	1,681	1,675
TOTAL.....	2,123	2,173	2,226	2,155	2,215	2,304	2,296	2,336	2,347	2,344

SOURCE: City Budget

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

FUNCTION / PROGRAM	FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30									
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
PUBLIC SAFETY:										
Fire:										
Total incidents	14,407	15,111	14,065	13,991	13,980	11,872	12,144	12,019	N/A	N/A
Rescue/medical calls	10,067	9,976	8,965	9,568	10,148	10,706	10,975	10,721	N/A	N/A
Rescue/non-medical calls	4,340	5,135	5,100	4,423	3,832	1,166	1,171	1,298	N/A	N/A
Fire hydrants	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,903	1,903	1,914	2,156	1,850	N/A	N/A
Police:										
Number of calls	62,228	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total 911 calls received	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Formal investigations	32,929	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOWN CLERK:										
Number of documents recorded	14,793	15,683	15,726	17,083	22,411	25,687	27,241	33,781	34,488	27,930
HEALTH AND WELFARE:										
Number of food service facilities inspected	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
New homes built	34	52	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LAND USE:										
Total subdivisions approved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total commercial applications approved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BUILDING:										
Residential permits issued	34	52	30	36	48	73	150	147	N/A	N/A
Commercial permits issued	5	6	8	12	19	19	8	10	N/A	N/A
Total permits	39	58	38	48	67	92	158	157	N/A	N/A
PUBLIC WORKS:										
Highway department										
Streets (miles)	318	318	317	315	315	315	313	313	N/A	N/A
Paved City roads	69	69	69	69	64	64	64	64	N/A	N/A
Paved State roads	6	6	5	5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Private roads	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Roads under construction (maintained by City)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sidewalks (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
EDUCATION:										
Enrollment:										
High School Grades 9-12	3,580	3,551	3,478	3,469	3,657	3,646	3,633	3,514	N/A	N/A
Middle School Grades 7-8	1,379	1,637	1,713	2,020	2,627	2,672	2,707	2,764	N/A	N/A
Elementary Schools Grades K-6	5,576	5,556	5,467	4,629	4,627	4,614	4,759	4,944	N/A	N/A
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										

SOURCES: Various City Departments

(1) Information not available due to the construction and consolidation of schools and related grade levels.

N/A - Information not available

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

FUNCTION / PROGRAM	FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30									
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
PARKS AND RECREATION:										
Acreage (includes all open space)										
Parks and Public Squares	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10
Marinas	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Playgrounds	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Walking tracks	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7
Basketball courts	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	17	17	17
Tennis courts	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Baseball fields	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Softball fields	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Other fields	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Ice Rink	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Swimming Pool	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stadium and Field House	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PUBLIC SAFETY:										
Fire Stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire alarm boxes	149	149	149	149	149	149	139	146	146	146
Fire hydrants	1,922	1,921	1,922	1,903	1,903	1,914	2,156	1,850	1,850	1,850
Police department:										
Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Animal Control Building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PUBLIC WORKS:										
Highway department:										
Streets (miles)	315	315	315	315	315	315	313	313	N/A	N/A
Sidewalks (miles)	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	N/A	N/A
PUBLIC LIBRARIES:										
Number of branches	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
EDUCATION:										
Number of High Schools										
Number of Middle Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Elementary Schools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Charter Schools	17	17	17	17	17	18	19	19	19	19
Number of Adult Education Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SENIOR SERVICES:										
Senior Citizens Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:										
Number of loans issued	41	53	15	19	27	39	27	30	36	29
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES										
SEWER FUND										
Sewer mains (miles)	250	250	245	240	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	23,000	N/A	N/A
Sewerage Disposal Plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pumping Stations	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
SOURCES: Various Town Departments										
N/A - Information not available										

